APPROVED FY2016 PERFORMANCE PLAN



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Report Prepared by Frank Roth Senior Policy Manager

Executive Summary

The Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Water Authority's (Water Authority) Budget Ordinance requires that a Performance Plan be connected to the Five-Year Goals and contain performance measures that help guide the operating and capital budgets in allocating the Water Authority's financial resources. The FY16 Performance Plan assesses the performance of the Water Authority using a set of identified and tested, high-level performance measures. These measures are designed to help the Water Authority improve its operational efficiency and effectiveness by identifying areas of improvement. The measures also provide a mechanism to conduct comparative analyses in order to implement quality improvement processes and enhance decision-making.

The Performance Plan contains three years of actual prior year data which establishes a baseline as well as projected performance targets that drive financial and budgetary policies. In addition to assessing its performance year to year, the Water Authority assesses its performance in relation to the other utilities.

The Performance Plan contains 27 performance measures organized by the Water Authority's Five-Year Goal areas. The following table summarizes the Water Authority's performance compared to other utilities and tracks the Water Authority's progress of baseline, current, and target performance.

Goal	Performance Measure	Baseline	Current	Target
	Drinking Water Compliance Rate	<u> </u>	A	A
	Distribution System Water Loss		<u> </u>	A
Water Supply	Water Distribution System Integrity			
& Operations	Operations and Maintenance Cost Ratios			
	Planned Maintenance Ratio	_		
	Water Use per Capita Consumption	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	A
	Sewer Overflow Rate			
Wastewater	Collection System Integrity			
Collection &	Wastewater Treatment Effectiveness Rate			
Operations	Operations and Maintenance Cost Ratios			
	Planned Maintenance Ratio	_		
	Customer Service and Technical Quality Complaints			
	Customer Service Cost per Account			
Customer	Billing Accuracy			
Services	Call Center Indicators			
	Residential Cost of Water/Sewer Service			
	Stakeholder Outreach Index		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Business	Debt Ratio			
Planning &	Return on Assets	_	_	_
Management	System Renewal/Replacement Rate	_	_	
	Triple Bottom Line Index			
	Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate			
	Training Hours per Employee			
Organization	Customer Accounts per Employee	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Development	Employee Turnover	A		
	Retirement Eligibility			
	Organizational Best Practices Index			



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Introduction

The Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Water Authority's (Water Authority) Budget Ordinance requires that a Performance Plan be connected to the Five-Year Goals and contain performance measures that help guide the operating and capital budgets in prioritizing and allocating the Water Authority's financial resources. The Water Authority uses these measures to help improve its operational efficiency and effectiveness by identifying areas of improvement. The measures also provide a mechanism to conduct comparative analyses in order to implement quality improvement processes and enhance decision-making.

The Water Authority utilizes the *American Water Works Association's (AWWA) Benchmarking Performance Indicators Survey* (Survey) in developing its Performance Plan. The Survey provides utilities an opportunity to collect and track data from already identified and tested performance measures, based on the same collection process and definitions. The most recent survey data was compiled in 2013 by AWWA from over 100 different utilities. The survey is conducted every two years. The Performance Plan uses the survey data as a basis for its performance measures to track the Water Authority's performance with that of other utilities.

Five-Years Goals

The Water Authority's Performance Plan is organized by the Water Authority's Five-Year Goal areas which are modeled after AWWA's QualServe business model. The QualServe model is modeled from fifteen successful quality achievement programs, including the Malcolm Baldridge National Quality Award Program, the Deming Award, and the International Standards Organization series of quality standards. The model characterizes the work of the typical water and wastewater utility around five business systems. Figure 1 shows the Water Authority's Five-Year Goals which parallels the QualServe model. The Water Authority also has developed guiding goal statements for each goal area which explains the long-term desired result for that goal.

Customer Services

Provide quality customer services by communicating effectively, billing accurately, and delivering water and wastewater services efficiently based on understanding the needs and perceptions of our customers and the community at large.

Organization Development

Sustain a well informed, trained, motivated, safe, organized, and competitive work force to effectively meet the expectations of the customers, community, and Board in accordance with adopted policies and mandates.

Figure 1: Water Authority's Five-Year Goals & Guiding Goal Statements

Operations

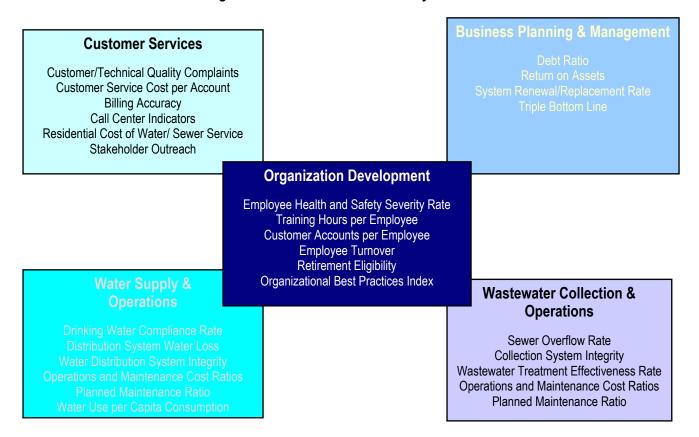
Provide a reliable, sate, affordable, and sustainable water supply by transitioning to renewable supplies and minimizing long term environmental impacts on the community and natural resources while ensuring the ability of the community to grow in a responsible manner.

Wastewater Collection & Operations

Provide reliable, safe and affordable wastewater collection, treatment and reuse systems to protect the health of the Middle Rio Grande Valley by safeguarding the regional watershed, minimizing environmental impacts, and returning quality water to the Rio Grande for downstream users.

The Performance Plan contains 27 performance measures. The performance measures are organized by the Water Authority's Five-Year Goal areas shown in Figure 2. The performance measures are linked to the Goal areas in that the tracking of the metric is used to achieve the long-term desired result for that goal.

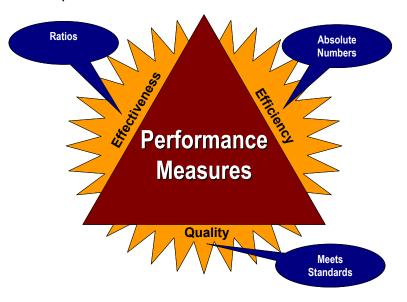
Figure 2: Performance Measures by Goal Area



Performance Measure Types

The Plan's performance measures fall into three main categories: Quality, Effectiveness and Efficiency. Quality measures are presented as standards. Effectiveness measures are presented as ratios. Efficiency measures are presented as absolute numbers.

- Standards, such as meeting drinking water quality standards
- (2) Ratios, such as operation and maintenance costs per million gallons of water or wastewater processed
- (3) Absolute numbers, such as the monthly bill for a residential water or wastewater customer



Performance Plan Logic Model

The Performance Plan presents each performance measure through an *evaluation logic model*. The logic model is a systematic and visual method that shows how performance measures quantify what is being done (inputs), how well it is being done (outputs), and why it is being done (outcomes). *Inputs* are the specific data needed to construct and calculate each performance measure. These resources may include dollars, hours, people or material resources used to produce an output. *Outputs* are the product of the calculation of the inputs and describe the level of effectiveness of each performance measure. The outputs are the metrics that are benchmarked with other utilities. *Outcomes* are the desired result of the performance measure that the Water Authority would like to achieve in connection with its long-range goals and with its shorter-term objectives. The logic model is used to show where the organization wants to be and how it can get there.

Simply stated, the performance measures identify gaps in service delivery or performance. They are used to help monitor the Water Authority's performance and to develop performance targets. The Water Authority sets performance targets that are aligned with the desired outcomes to determine how effective or efficient the organization is in achieving the desired outcome. The Water Authority uses the desired outcomes to create an ongoing discussion with its stakeholders and show why decisions are made in prioritizing and allocating financial resources.

The Five-Year Goals and One-Year Objectives are incorporated into the logic model. Figure 3 shows the alignment between the goals, objectives and performance measures in the logic model. With the performance measures being used to identify gaps, the One-Year Objectives which are policy directives from the Water Authority Board are used to close performance or service delivery gaps and improve performance levels. It should be noted that not all One-Year Objectives are tied to performance measures or have a measurable component. Some Objectives are related to completing projects or improving or implementing programs.

One-Year Objectives

SamseaMayrentoy

SamseaMayrentoy

Figure 3: Logic Model Alignment of Goals, Objectives and Performance Measures

Benchmarking and Industry Peer Group

The Performance Plan contains three years of actual prior year data (FY12 through FY14) which establishes a baseline. The Plan also includes estimated current fiscal year performance measures (FY15) as well as projected performance in the proposed budget year (FY16). The Plan allows the Water Authority to benchmark its performance from year to year and to determine how its current and projected performance compare to baseline past performance. Overall, the Performance Plan's logic model incorporates five years of data in determining it's performance, evaluating trends, and determining projected performance.

In addition to assessing its performance year to year, the Water Authority also compares its performance with that of other utilities in its industry peer group. As stated in the Introduction section, the Water Authority obtains its comparative data from the AWWA Benchmarking Performance Indicators Survey. By benchmarking with other utilities, the Water Authority is able to assess its performance relative to other high-performing utilities. For each performance measure, the industry peer group is presented throughout the Plan.

Industry Peer Group

- Combined Water/Sewer
 Represents those utilities designated as providing both water and wastewater services
- 2) **Populations greater than 500,000**Utilities that serve populations greater 500,000
- 3) Western Utilities (region designated by the US Census Bureau)
 States include: AZ, CO, ID, NM, MT, UT, NV, WY, AK, CA, HI, OR, WA

Strategic Planning, Budgeting and Improvement Process

The Performance Plan is a component of the *Strategic Planning, Budgeting and Improvement Process* that is discussed in Volume 1-Financial Plan. This Process drives the development of the annual operating and capital budgets by providing data used to set performance goals, as well as allocate and prioritize resources. Performance measures provide an approach for strategically allocating and prioritizing resources to balance the level and cost of services with customer expectations. For example, higher treatment costs may be the desired outcome to improve customer satisfaction.

As a part of the Strategic Planning, Budgeting and Improvement Process, the Five-Year Goals, One-Year Objectives, and performance measures are integrated through the use of the logic model in order to achieve service delivery and performance improvement. A good example of the integration between performance measures and objectives is the Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate (see pages 111-113) which measures the rate of employee days lost from work due to illness or injury. Since starting the benchmarking process, the Water Authority noticed that its lost workdays were on average fifteen times higher than other utilities. As a result, the Water Authority has used the Objectives to implement several programs including safety incentive bonuses to reduce the number of employee lost days. Overall, the integration of the performance measures and objectives are used to achieve the long-term desired results of the Water Authority's Five-Year Goals.

Performance Accountability & Budgeting

Each Water Authority division manager is responsible for their respective goal areas and objectives and for tracking their performance. The Executive Director, who is the champion and supportive leader of the performance management, meets with the division managers and their staff to review progress reports on the performance measures and objectives. The Water Authority Board is provided quarterly status reports on the One-Year Objectives and annually on the Performance Plan. Also, results of a customer opinion survey are presented biannually to the Board. The survey allows the Water Authority to track customer satisfaction on the

programs, policies, and operational performance of the organization. Several survey questions are tied to the performance measures and levels of service. In this way, the survey provides qualitative data that relates to quantitative data from the benchmarking to ensure that the Water Authority is balancing performance improvement with customer expectations.

The Water Authority also uses performance measures and performance targets in conjunction with the review of the annual budget. The Executive Director and the managers integrate performance reporting into the budget process in order to focus the budget discussion on the allocation of resources and to address performance gaps. The manager's budget requests are tied either to performance measure targets or objectives in terms of providing a justification for their purpose. By integrating the objectives and performance measures into the budget process, the Water Authority has moved from just measuring performance to managing performance and how and what it what it wants to achieve. As a result, the Water Authority has become more transparent and accountable to its customers and the governing board.

Performance Measurement Linkage to Asset Management Planning

The Water Authority has established an asset management program with a steering committee to oversee the program. The program is an extensive, well thought out 'Business Model' that helps the Water Authority make better acquisition, operations and maintenance, renewal, and replacement decisions. The principles of asset management were developed to address the critical problem of aging public infrastructure and changing utility business environment. The Water Authority has completed an Asset Management Plan (AMP) which provides a 30-year projection that will allow the Water Authority to budget for renewals and replacements into the future. The Water Authority uses performance measures, performance targets, and the customer opinion survey to develop its levels of service to deliver the defined services at the lowest life-cycle cost. In quantifying its performance, the Water Authority has begun to balance its performance with the levels of service, cost of service, customer expectations, and business risk. As a part of its AMP, the Water Authority has developed its levels of service to coincide with its performance measures at the Goal level.

Communicating Performance Measurement

Performance measurement results and progress in meeting performance targets are communicated to elected officials and customers through this report, and to employees through-out the organization. Increasing employee understanding of the performance measures and the organization's long-term goals is a critical step in achieving the Water Authority's long-term goals. The Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate is a good example how the Water Authority educated the importance of meeting its goals and making safety a high priority in the organization.

Presentation of Data

The Performance Plan's comparative data is presented in quartile rankings. The top quartile reflects the 75th percentile, and the bottom quartile reflects the 25th percentile. The median is the 50th percentile value. Figure 4 illustrates the four quartiles. Data in the 2nd and 3rd quartiles is described as the "median range." Data in the median range includes 50% of all the values submitted for each performance measure. This range is considered nominal or representative of the majority of the data.

Figure 4: Percentile/Quartile Illustration

25th Percentile 50th Percentile (Median) 75th Percentile

75th Percentile

75th Percentile

75th Percentile

75th Percentile

Layout of Performance Plan

The performance measures are categorized by the Water Authority's Five-Year Goal areas.

- ➤ Each Goal area section provides an overview of the Goal with a Guiding Goal Statement and Goal Performance Scorecard for each performance measure.
- ➤ Each Goal area section shows how the Objectives are linked to the performance measures and their scorecard status.
- ➤ Each performance measure is presented through a logic model of inputs, outputs and outcomes as well as comparative statistics and charts to illustrate how the Water Authority is performing year to year and how it is performing compared to the industry peer group.

A results narrative includes a discussion and analysis of how the performance measure meets anticipated performance targets and long-range goals. If the targets are not being met, an explanation is provided for the reason and what is expected in the future. The Performance Plan also indicates if there are One-Year Objectives related to a performance measure to show how policy directives are used to improve service delivery and/or minimize performance gaps. In addition, the Performance Plan provides customer opinion survey statistics to show how customer expectations relate to the performance measure.

Goal 1 Water Supply and Operations

Guiding Goal Statement

Provide a reliable, safe, affordable, and sustainable water supply by transitioning to renewable supplies and minimizing long term environmental impacts on the community and natural resources while ensuring the ability of the community to grow in a responsible manner.

Goal Performance Scorecard

Ref #	Performance Measure	Status	Trend
1-1	Drinking Water Compliance Rate		
1-2	Distribution System Water Loss		
1-3	Water Distribution System Integrity		
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per account		
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per MG processed		
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: Direct cost of treatment per MG		
1-5	Planned Maintenance Ratio		
1-6	Water Use per Capita Consumption		
	Overall Goal Status	<u> </u>	<u> </u>



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Linkage of Objectives to Performance Measures

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
Complete asset management plans for the reservoirs, wells, and pump stations to determine the condition of the Water Authority's groundwater facilities by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-1
Continue implementation of the Water Quality Protection Policy and Action Plan (WPPAP) including administrative, policy and technical support to the Water Quality Advisory Board (WPAB). Continue to monitor ongoing or new ground water contamination sites and provide technical comments to preserve and protect the aquifer and surface water supplies in the Middle Rio Grande. Provide quarterly status reports to the Water Authority Board through the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-1
Continue the distribution water loss program by locating water leaks from surveying 500 miles of small diameter water lines through conventional leak detection methods and 2,000 miles of small diameter water lines through acoustic leak detection by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-2 1-3
Purchase the necessary field equipment and begin implementation of a pilot internal large diameter valve exercise program including field location and GPS coordinates of existing valves. The program should include developing exercise protocol and standard operating procedures and determining overall manpower needs and equipment to implement a priority phasing schedule based on business risk exposure rating; continue implementation of program through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-3
Continue work on the Partnership for Safe Water program for surface water treatment and drinking water distribution systems to optimize water system operations and performance by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-4
Complete Ground Water Plant Preventive Maintenance to Corrective Maintenance ratio to at least 60% of all completed maintenance labor hours by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-5
Complete Surface Water Plant Preventive Maintenance to Corrective Maintenance ratio to at least 45% of all completed maintenance labor hours by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-5
Maintain water use between 134 to 144 gallons per capita per day through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-6
Begin updating the Water Resources Management Strategy through the 4th Quarter of FY16.	1-6

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Performance Measure Division Responsibility

Ref#	Performance Measure	Operations Plant	Operations Field	Operations Compliance	Operations Water Resources, Engineering & Planning
1-1	Drinking Water Compliance Rate	√		√	
1-2	Distribution System Water Loss		√		✓
1-3	Water Distribution System Integrity		√		✓
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per account	√	√		
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per MG processed	✓			
1-4	O&M Cost Ratios: Direct cost of treatment / MG	√			
1-5	Planned Maintenance Ratio	✓	√		✓
1-6	Water Use per Capita Consumption				✓

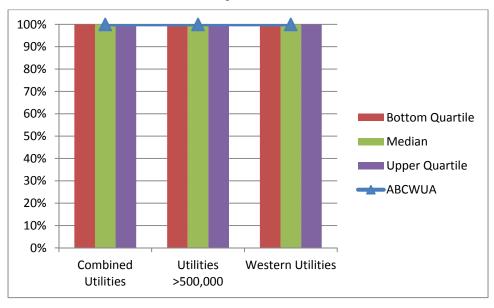
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1-1 Drinking Water Compliance Rate

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify the percentage of time	Number of	Pagalina	Prio	r Year Actu	ıals	Current/Est	Projected	Provide safe
	each year that the Water	days in full	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	and reliable
Quality	Authority meets all of the health related drinking water standards in the US National Primary Drinking Water Regulations	compliance	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	drinking water to our customers 100% of the time

Industry Benchmark



Results Narrative

The drinking water compliance rate indicates the percent of time that a drinking water utility is in full compliance with all of the water quality contaminants and treatment techniques mandated for public water systems in the United States. A utility measures its compliance relative only to those primary maximum contaminant levels and treatment techniques that apply to its operations. The drinking water compliance rate uses simple tests of "in compliance" and "not in compliance." As a performance measure for comparative analysis, the drinking water compliance rate allows a utility to gauge its compliance with health-related drinking water parameters relative to other water utilities reporting data into the comparative analysis system.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority has been in 100% compliance for the past three fiscal years and is on-target to meet 100% compliance for the next two fiscal years.

In December 2008, the Water Authority began distribution of treated surface water mixed with ground water resources as part of the San Juan-Chama Drinking Water Project (SJCDWP). For FY11, the Water Authority operated the new surface water treatment plant in phased capacity with a gradual increase to minimize water quality changes. In 2009, the Water Authority directed an independent review of key water quality and treatment issues for the SJCDWP treatment plant. The study was performed by Dr. Kerry Howe, a professor of engineering at the University of New Mexico and a world-renowned expert in water treatment. The study concluded that the new plant will meet or exceed all Safe Drinking Water Act regulations.

For FY12, the Water Authority developed several policy objectives to improve the processes and procedures for water quality compliance reporting. The Water Authority created a new Compliance Division in FY10 to better improve and consolidate all its compliance functions. In FY13, the Compliance Division developed and implemented a reporting system and environmental monitoring program. Since FY14, the Compliance Division measures its progress on key performance indicators.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

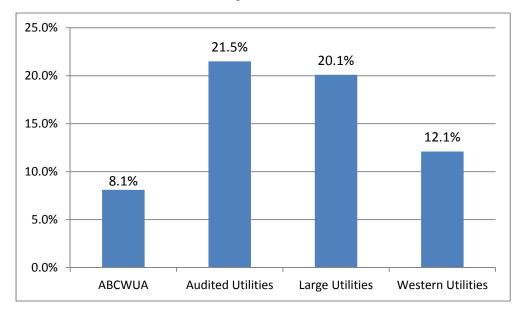
- 99% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the reliability/availability of water
- 78% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the quality of drinking water

1-2 Distribution System Water Loss

Performance Results (Non-Revenue Water)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					Outcome
	Quantify the percentage of	Total water unbilled,	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Improve
	produced water that is not	is not meter inaccuracies,	Daseille	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	water use
Efficiency	properly measured, and percentage of produced water that fails to reach customers and cannot otherwise be accounted for through authorized usage	data handling errors; total water loss from leakages, total water distributed	7.6%	10.5%	8.1%	7.5%	7.1%	6.9%	efficiency and recover lost revenue

Industry Benchmarks



Lower Values Desirable

Results Narrative

Distribution system water loss is the difference between the volume of water distributed for use by all customer classes and the volume of water actually consumed by authorized users. There are many factors contributing to distribution system water loss. The major ones are leakage, metering inaccuracies, and unauthorized consumption. Among these, only leakage is a true loss of water. Metering inaccuracies affect the utility's capability for measuring true loss, but such inaccuracies can lead to both overstatements and understatements of the true loss. Unauthorized consumptions diminish revenues and should be dealt with, but they are not real losses of water. Because water losses impact revenues, it is important that a utility have practices in place to understand the specific causes of losses in its system. Tracking water losses will help the Water Authority understand the condition of distribution system infrastructure and the effects of its operation, maintenance, and replacement practices. This measure provides opportunity for the Water Authority to compare the distribution system water loss against that in the distribution systems of other utilities. Non-Revenue Water (NRW), a term used to define where water losses exist within the distribution system. NRW includes apparent losses, real losses, unbilled metered and unbilled unmetered.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority has had significant success in its performance in this measure. In FY09, the Water Authority began its leak detection program that focused on finding water line leaks before they surface, fixing leaking hydrants, and improving meter inaccuracy. This program will help move the Water Authority's performance in line with utilities in the Western United States where water is a more scarce resource. Since 2010, real losses have decreased from 6 percent to 4 percent.

In the past three years, the Water Authority has utilized the AWWA Water Audit methodology in determining its apparent and real water losses. In addition, the Water Authority participates in annual studies sponsored by the AWWA Water Loss Control Committee. This allows the water audits to be verified by water loss control experts which improves the utility's confidence in its data. For FY15, the Water Authority will continue to set targets for conventional and passive leak detection surveying.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

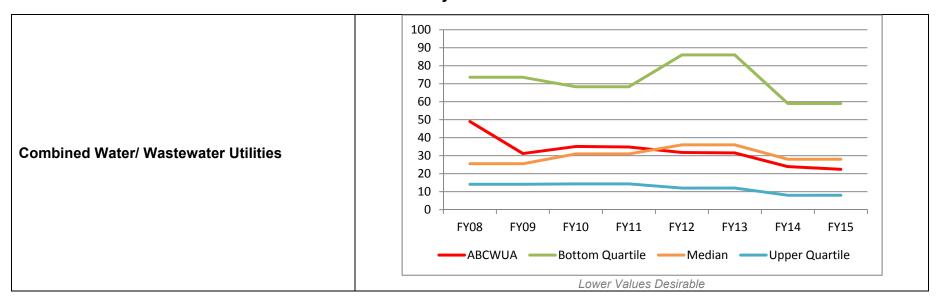
57% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the condition of the water lines in the number of leaks that they
may observe surfacing

1-3 Water Distribution System Integrity

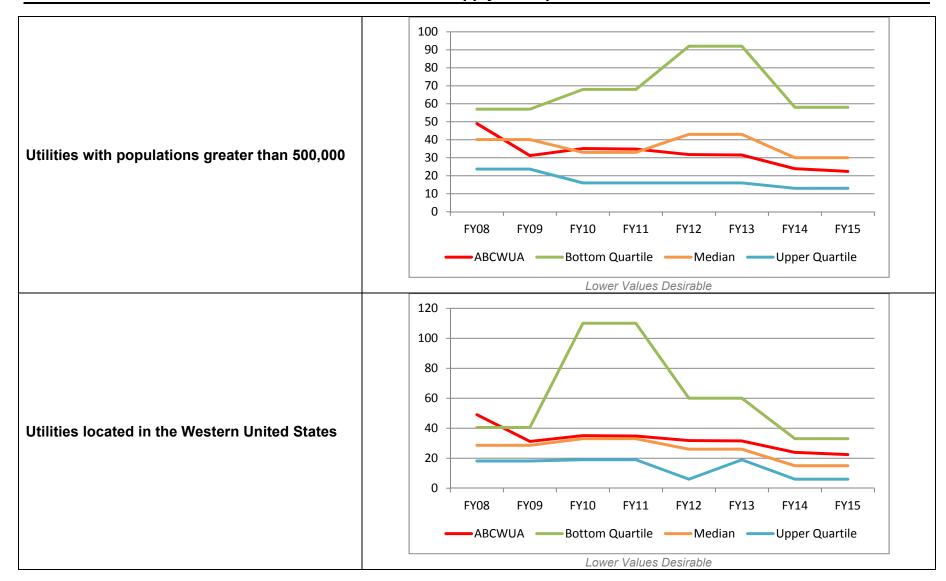
Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs				Outcome			
	Quantify the Number of lea		Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Improve the condition
	condition of the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	and reliability of the water
Effectiveness	water distribution system	distribution piping	29.0	31.8	31.3	23.9	22.4	22.1	distribution system and reduce emergency repairs and water supply interruptions

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations



Results Narrative

For a water utility, distribution system integrity has importance for health, customer service, operations, and asset management reasons. Excessive leaks and breaks result in increased costs due to an increased number of emergency repairs. Utilities use operational and maintenance (O&M) procedures designed to reduce the value of this measure. The cost of these (O&M) programs must be balanced against the cost of emergency repairs and the consequences of water supply interruptions. Comparing the value of this measure with other utilities can provide information on the rate that many utilities may find acceptable.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years. The Water Authority has adopted policy objectives for the past three fiscal years to increase spending on water line rehabilitation which will help reduce emergency repairs and water supply interruptions. Since FY08, the Water Authority has invested \$1 million in steel water line rehabilitation in addition to planned water line rehabilitation spending. The purpose for this objective is to target steel lines because they have a higher frequency of leaks than other material types in the system. The Water Authority included as an objective for FY16 to continue spending an additional \$1 million in steel water line rehabilitation. In the last five years, the Water Authority has seen a decrease in leaks from steel water lines by 50%. In FY11, the Water Authority completed a ten-year asset management plan for its small diameter water lines. This plan has been utilized for the past three fiscal years in its capital planning in order to replace water lines that are past their useful life and have had multiple leaks on the same line segment.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

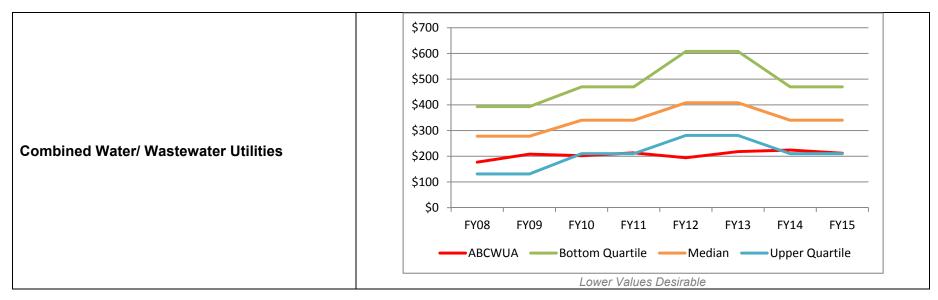
 67% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the effectiveness of the Water Authority to repair leaks and the response time for restoring service

1-4 Operations and Maintenance Cost Ratio

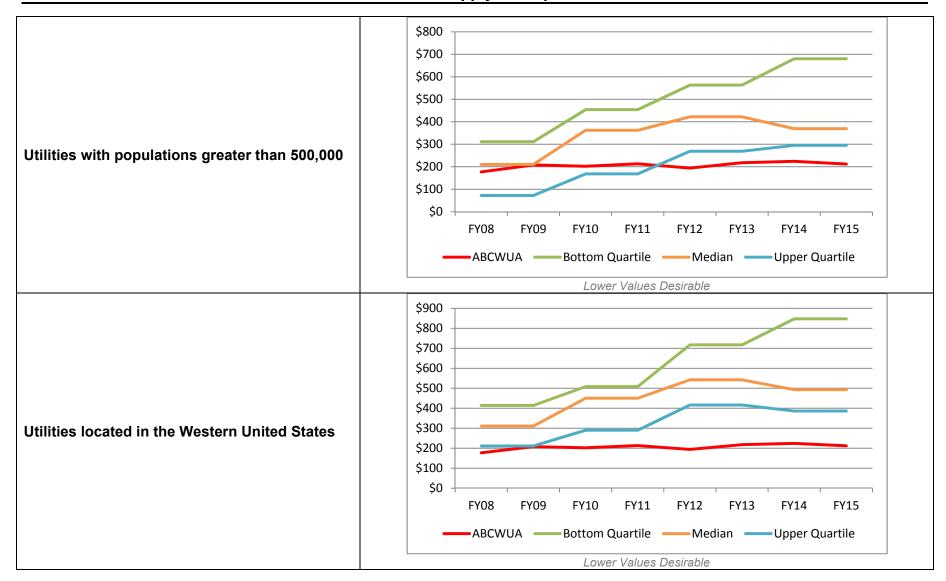
Performance Results for O&M Cost per Account

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related to	Total O&M		Prior	Prior Year Actuals Curren			Projected	Maintain lower
Effectiveness	operations and maintenance	costs and	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
	(O&M), with breakouts of those costs related to water treatment, as related to volumes processed and the number of active customers	total number of active customer accounts	\$212	\$194	\$218	\$224	\$212	\$228	without reducing customer level of service

Industry Benchmark for O&M Cost per Account



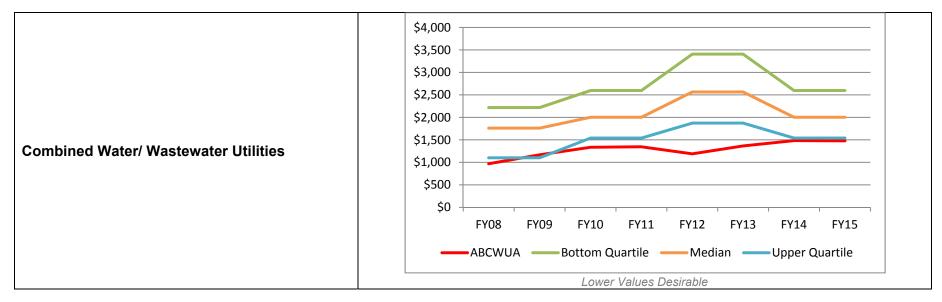
FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations



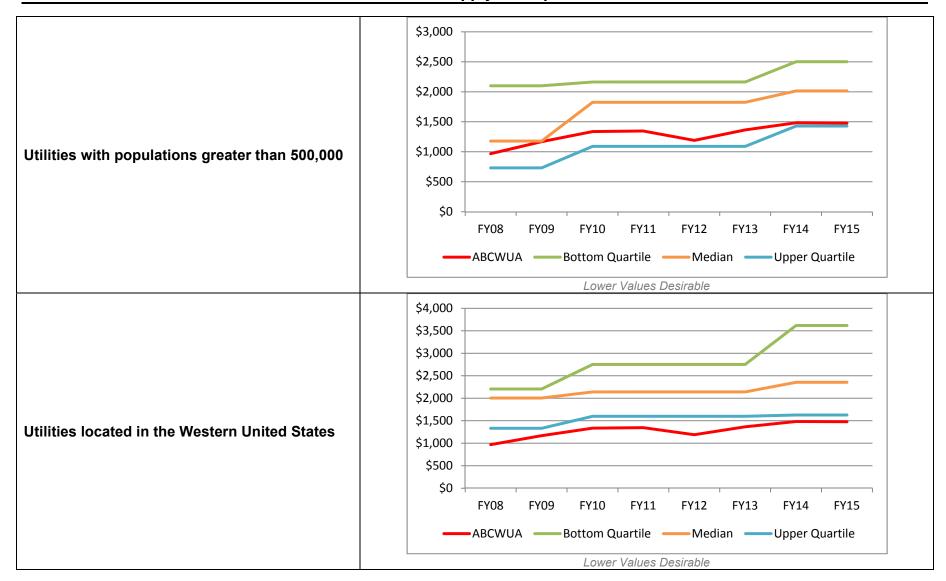
Performance Results for O&M Cost per MG Distributed

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related	Total O&M costs and total	Baseline -	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Maintain lower
	to operations and maintenance			FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
Effectiveness	(O&M), with breakouts of those costs related to water treatment, as related to volumes processed and the number of active customers	volume of water distributed	\$1,346	\$1,190	\$1,365	\$1,483	\$1,478	\$1,659	without reducing customer level of service

Industry Benchmark for O&M Cost per MG Distributed



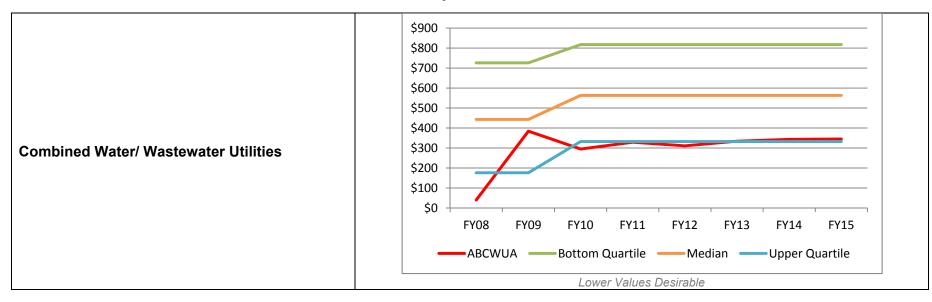
FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations



Performance Results for O&M Cost of Treatment per MG

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related to	Total Direct	Basslins	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Maintain lower
	operations and maintenance	O&M costs Baseline		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
Effectiveness	(O&M), with breakouts of those	and total							without
Lilectiveness	costs related to water treatment, as	volume of	volume of \$329	C211	\$311 \$334	\$343	\$345	\$363	reducing
	related to volumes processed and	water	φ329	φυτι					customer level
	the number of active customers	treated							of service

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations



Results Narrative

These related measures tally the cost of O&M per account and per million gallons of water processed. Comparing the value of this measure with other utilities can provide information regarding the status of current accepted practices.

Measurement Status

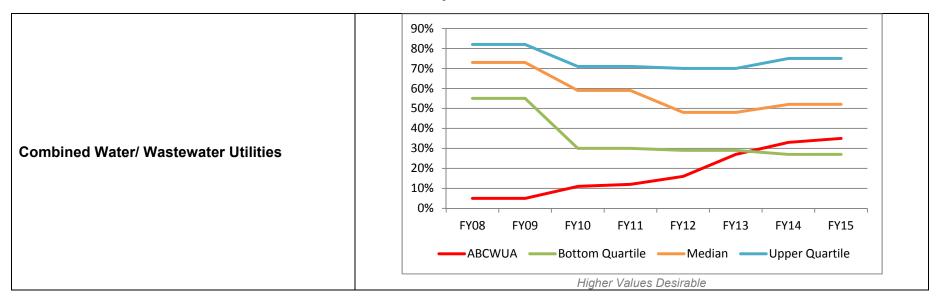
The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been above the median range for the past three fiscal years. O&M costs have increased with operating the new surface drinking water plant. The Water Authority is working on treatability studies to determine the optimum chemical doses for the surface water treatment plant which will help reduce operation costs. The Water Authority continues to work on optimizing chemical use at the treatment plant. Moreover, the Water Authority is developing a comprehensive energy master plan that will include demand and potential energy reduction measures and costs to implement alternative clean energy sources for use by the Water Authority. For FY16, the Water Authority will continue to work on the Partnership for Safe Water program to optimize its system operations and performance.

1-5 Planned Maintenance Ratio

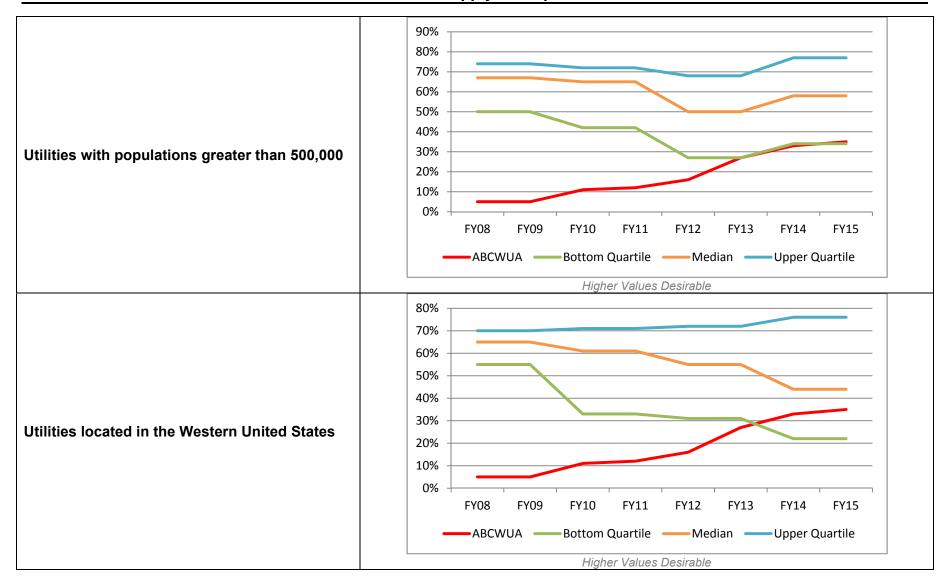
Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs					Outcome	
	effectively the Water Authority is in investing in planned maintenance co	Hours of planned maintenance compared to hours of corrective maintenance	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Reduce
Effectiveness				FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	emergency
			25%	16%	27%	33%	35%	40%	maintenance from system malfunctions

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations



Results Narrative

Planned maintenance includes preventive and predictive maintenance. Preventive maintenance is performed according to a predetermined schedule rather than in response to failure. Predictive maintenance is initiated when secondary monitoring signals from activities indicate that maintenance is due. All other maintenance is categorized as corrective (i.e., maintenance resulting from an asset that is no longer providing reliable service such as a breakdown, blockage, or leakage). Planned maintenance is preferable for assets for which the cost of repairs is high relative to the cost of corrective maintenance. The avoided cost includes both the cost of repair and the cost consequences of the service disruption, with the latter including an allowance for customer costs. Many utilities want to increase their percentage of planned maintenance activities and reduce their percentage of corrective maintenance activities. A higher ratio may indicate a reduction in emergency maintenance resulting from system malfunctions (e.g., pipeline breaks or pump failures).

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years. Since FY08, the Water Authority has used this performance measure to identify gaps in planned/preventative maintenance activities. Over the past three fiscal years, the Water Authority has focused on increasing water operations planned maintenance for its groundwater facilities and the surface water plant. For the distribution system, the Water Authority will be increasing planned maintenance through its leak detection program mentioned in Performance Measure 1-2, Distribution System Water Loss. For FY16, there are three policy objectives with planned maintenance targets for both the ground and surface water facilities and the water distribution system.

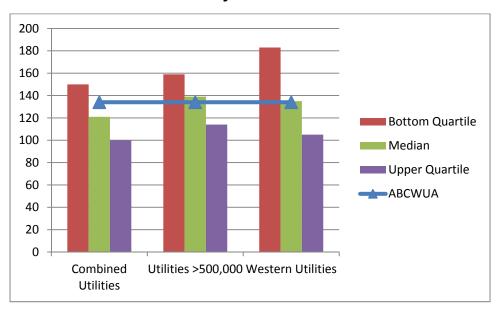
Planned maintenance is a key component to the Water Authority's asset management program. In FY10, the Water Authority upgraded its work order system to integrate with the Water Authority's asset management program in order to collect and track its asset information. The purpose for this upgrade was to obtain better information to make better decisions on the Water Authority's assets.

1-6 Water Use per Capita Consumption

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs						Outcome	
Effectiveness	Measure water savings by comparing the annual consumption and account growth by customer class and system-wide per capita usage	Gallons per person per day (GPCD)	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Reduce water	
				2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	consumption to	
			145	150	148	136	135	134	extend water resources and minimize environment impacts	

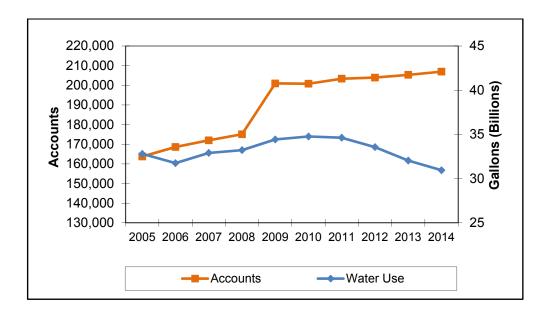
Industry Benchmarks



Generally, lower values are desirable

Results Narrative

Total yearly water use has declined from 40.6 billion gallons in the mid-1990s to 30.9 billion gallons in 2014. Even though accounts have increased by 49 percent during this time, water use declined by 21 percent. The graph to the right compares water use with accounts from 2005 to 2014. There was a sharp increase in customer accounts in 2009 with the acquisition of NMUI, adding about 17,000 accounts; however, most of the customers were are residential whose homes were built in the last decade with low-water conservation fixtures so water use only increased by seven percent.



One reason for the success in water reduction is from the 1-2-3-2-1 "Water by the Numbers" program, which asks Water Authority customers to voluntarily limit their outdoor water usage to one day per week in March, two days a week in April and May and three days a week in the summer before ramping down in the fall. To the right is the diagram used to educate customers on the program.



2014 Customer Opinion Survey

- 72% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the utility's conservation programs
- 79% of customers feel that it is very or somewhat important for the Water Authority to increase water conservation programs.

FY16 Performance Plan Goal 1: Water Supply and Operations

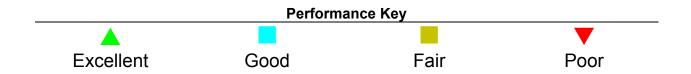
Goal 2 Wastewater Collection & Operations

Guiding Goal Statement

Provide reliable, safe and affordable wastewater collection, treatment and reuse systems to protect the health of the Middle Rio Grande Valley by safeguarding the regional watershed, minimizing environmental impacts, and returning quality water to the Rio Grande for downstream users.

Goal Performance Scorecard

Ref#	Performance Measure	Status	Trend
2-1	Sewer Overflow Rate		
2-2	Collection System Integrity		
2-3	Wastewater Treatment Effectiveness Rate		
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per account		A
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per MG processed		
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: Direct cost of treatment per MG		
2-5	Planned Maintenance Ratio		
	Overall Goal Status		



Linkage of Objectives to Performance Measures

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
Continue assessment of root foaming pilot program on sewer lines that meet the root infested and/or inaccessibility criteria; assess the effectiveness to mechanical cleaning currently practiced and provide recommendation by the end of the 4th	2-1 2-2
Quarter of FY16. Continue a Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Buster pilot program on sewer lines; evaluate and provide recommendation by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-1 2-2
Televise and assess the condition of approximately five percent of the small diameter sanitary sewer system by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-1 2-2
To continue minimizing odors and corrosion potential, continue testing of the magnesium hydroxide additions to the sanitary sewer system and establish criteria to evaluate performance impacts to the interceptor system including the Yucca/Central area and the water reclamation facility by the end of FY16.	2-2
Begin development of the Odor Control Facilities Asset Management Plan to sustain the acceptable level of service on odor control throughout the collection and interceptor system through the end of the 4th quarter of FY16.	2-2
Monitor compliance with the Water Authority's Sewer Use and Wastewater Control Ordinance by continuing to inspect, monitor, and take enforcement action for permitted industrial users, septage waste haulers, food service establishments, and dental offices; report activities and respective compliance rates through weekly, monthly, and quarterly reporting, while referencing past performance through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16. Compliance rate goal is 86% for each category.	2-2 2-3
Implement the Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Policy to reduce impacts on the sewer system by inspecting each Food Service Establishment (FSE) once every three years, working with the Collections section with Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSOs) investigations, and convene FOG Task Force of other governmental entities to coordinate efforts to reduce FOG discharges. Track and report the number of SSOs due to FOG compared with previous years. In conjunction with Public Affairs Manager, develop a public relations campaign to inform rate-payers of Best Management Practices for FOG.	2-2 2-3
Limit overall permit excursions to no more than 5 operating discharge permit violations to comply with effluent quality standards through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-3
Beneficially reuse biosolids by diverting 25% of the biosolids to compost through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-3
Implement the Reclamation Rehabilitation Asset Management Plan by planning, designing and constructing reclamation facility improvements through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-3
Monitor compliance with the Water Authority's Cross Connection Prevention and Control Ordinance by continuing to inspect, monitor, and take enforcement action for users of backflow prevention devices; report activities and respective compliance rates through weekly, monthly, and quarterly reporting, while referencing past performance through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16. Obtain a compliance rate goal of 75%.	2-3
Complete Waste Water Plant Preventive Maintenance to Corrective Maintenance ratio to at least 40% of all completed maintenance labor hours by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	2-5

Performance Measure Division Responsibility

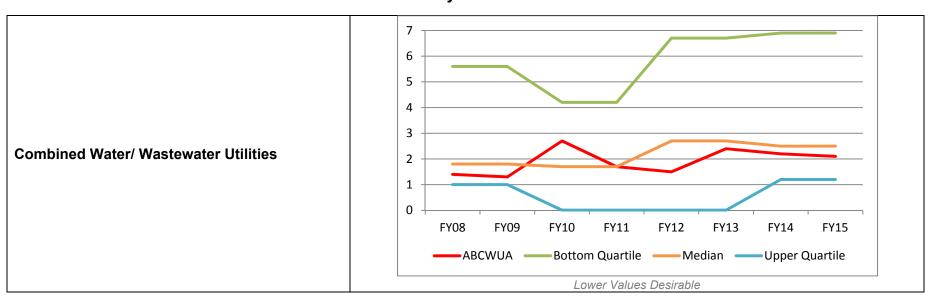
Ref#	Performance Measure	Operations Plant	Operations Field	Operations Compliance
2-1	Sewer Overflow Rate		\	
2-2	Collection System Integrity		<	
2-3	Wastewater Treatment Effectiveness Rate	\checkmark		✓
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per account	√	√	
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: O&M Cost per MG processed	√		
2-4	O&M Cost Ratios: Direct cost of treatment / MG	√		
2-5	Planned Maintenance Ratio	√	✓	

2-1 Sewer Overflow Rate

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Quantify the condition	Number of	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Improve the condition
	of the collection	sewer overflows	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	and reliability of the
Effectiveness	system and the effectiveness of routine maintenance	per 100 miles of collection piping	2.0	1.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	collection system and reduce customer complaints

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Results Narrative

Overflows are good measures of collection system condition and the effectiveness of maintenance activities. This measure is intended to measure overflows created by conditions within collection system components under control of the utility. This measure does not include conditions which are deemed outside control of the utility such as general flooding from wet weather conditions.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years and is ontarget to maintain a very low overflow rate for the next two fiscal years. The Water Authority has been using its GIS in connection with its upgraded work order system based on asset management principles to analyze sanitary sewer overflows. For FY14, the Collection Section implemented the CMOM activities from the CMOM report completed in FY13. The FY16 Objectives will help to improve the monitoring, cleaning, and response procedures related to sewer overflows.



Every year, the Water Authority provides bill inserts reminding customers not to pour cooking grease down the drain as this causes backups and overflows in the collection system; this usually occurs during the holidays.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

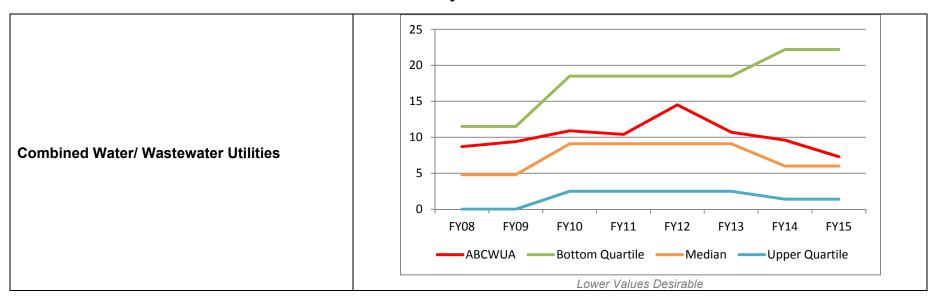
- 57% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the condition of the sewer lines in the number of overflows that they may observe
- 60% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the effectiveness of the Water Authority to respond to overflows or backups and the response time for restoring service

2-2 Collection System Integrity

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Measure of the	Number of collection	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals Current/			Current/Est	Projected	Improve the condition
	condition of a	system failures each	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	and capacity of the
Effectiveness	sewage collection	year per 100 miles						8.4	collection system and
	system	of collection system	11.6	14.5	10.7	9.6	7.3		minimize catastrophic
		piping							failures

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Results Narrative

When tracked over time, a utility can compare its failure rate to those at other utilities and it can evaluate whether its own rate is decreasing, stable, or increasing. When data is maintained by the utility to characterize failures according to pipe type and age, type of failure, and cost of repairs, better decisions regarding routine maintenance and replacement/renewals can be made.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been below the median range for the past three fiscal years. For FY11, the Water Authority completed ten-year asset management plans for both its small and large diameter sewer lines. These plans will be utilized for the utility's capital planning in order to help minimize expensive catastrophic failures. For FY16, there is a policy objective to assess the condition of approximately five percent of the collection system.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

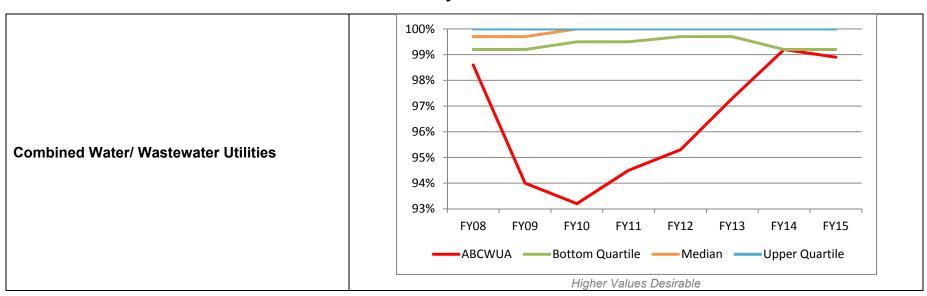
- 94% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the reliability of wastewater collection
- 74% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the effectiveness of the Water Authority to control odors form sewer lines or treatment facilities

2-3 Wastewater Treatment Effectiveness Rate

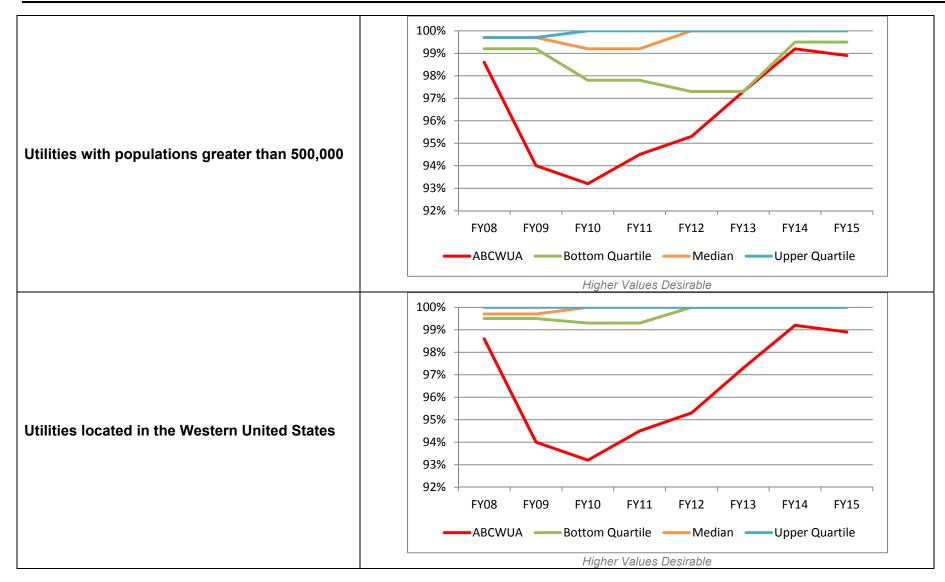
Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify the Water Percent of time each year that an individual	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Minimize	
			FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	environmental	
Quality	compliance with the effluent quality standards in effect at its wastewater treatment facilities	wastewater treatment facility is in full compliance with applicable effluent quality requirements	97.3%	95.3%	97.3%	99.2%	98.9%	99.2%	impacts to the river by returning high quality water to the river

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Results Narrative

The wastewater treatment effectiveness rate allows a utility to compare its treatment effectiveness rate for its facility with those at other utilities. It also can track its individual facility performances over time. Ideally, the percentage of days in a year that the treatment facility satisfies all discharge permit requirements should be 100%. A number lower than this indicates that a violation occurred during the year.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been on the bottom end of the median range for last three fiscal years. The Water Authority's goal in for FY16 is to have no more than five non-compliance days. The Water Authority experienced a setback the last three years with several violations caused by equipment upgrades. In FY11, the Water Authority completed conversion to ultraviolet disinfection to eliminate use of chlorine for safety, security and to protect river environment. The Water Authority will continue in meeting its performance targets during major rehabilitation activities at the wastewater treatment plant over the next five fiscal years.



The Water Authority received the NACWA **Silver** Peak Performance Award in 2013 and 2014 which recognizes public wastewater treatment facilities for their outstanding compliance records.

Also, for FY12, the Water Authority developed several policy objectives to improve the processes and procedures for wastewater quality compliance reporting. The Water Authority created a new Compliance Division in FY10 to better improve and consolidate all its compliance functions. For FY16, the Compliance Division will continue to work on the reporting on its performance metrics related to compliance with the Sewer Use Wastewater Control Ordinance.

2014 Customer Opinion Survey

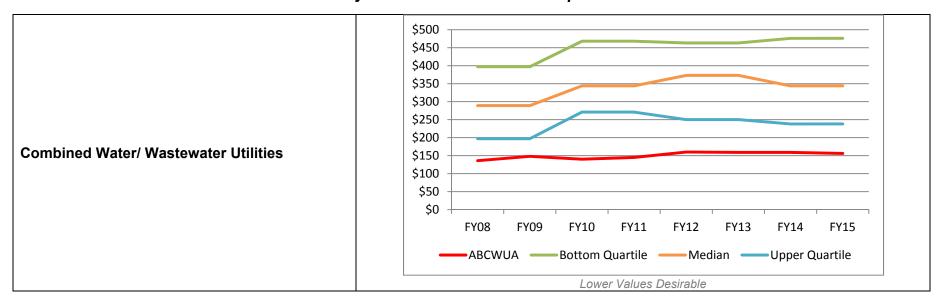
 83% of customers feel that it is very or somewhat important that the Water Authority should return high quality treated water back to the river

2-4 Operations and Maintenance Cost Ratio

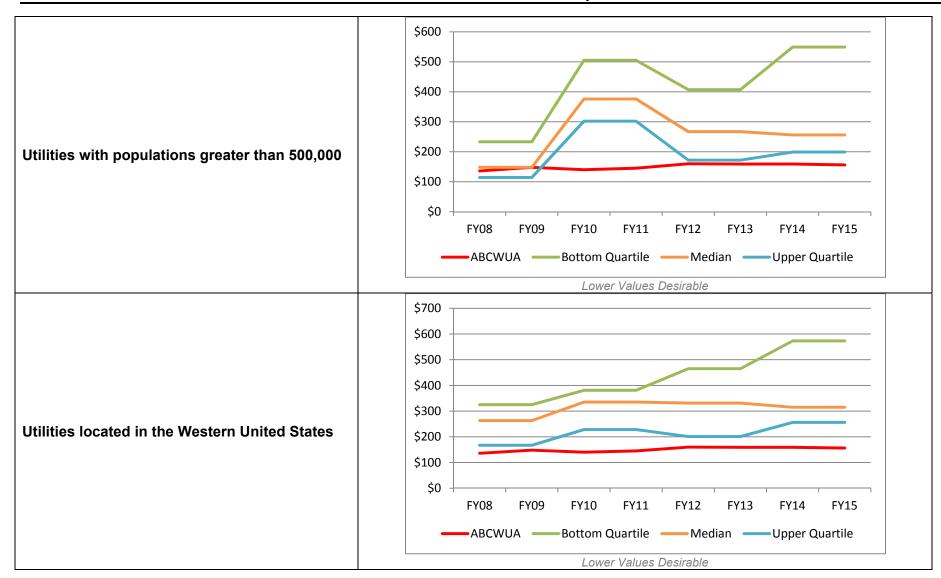
Performance Results for O&M Cost per Account

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related to	Total O&M	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Maintain lower
Effectiveness	operations and maintenance	costs and	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
	(O&M), with breakouts of those costs related to water treatment, as related to volumes processed and the number of active customers	total number of active customer accounts	\$159	\$160	\$159	\$159	\$156	\$159	without reducing customer level of service

Industry Benchmark for O&M Cost per Account



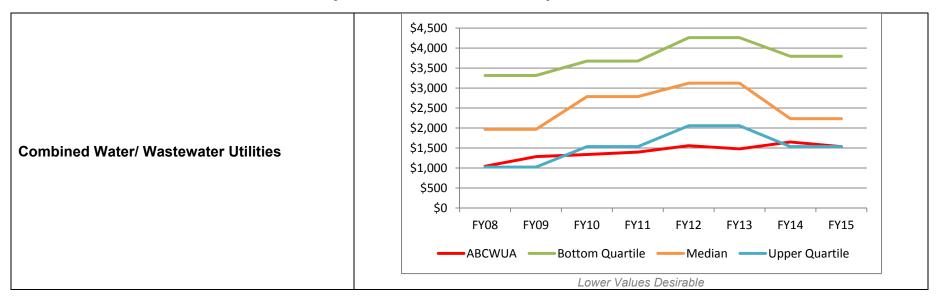
FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



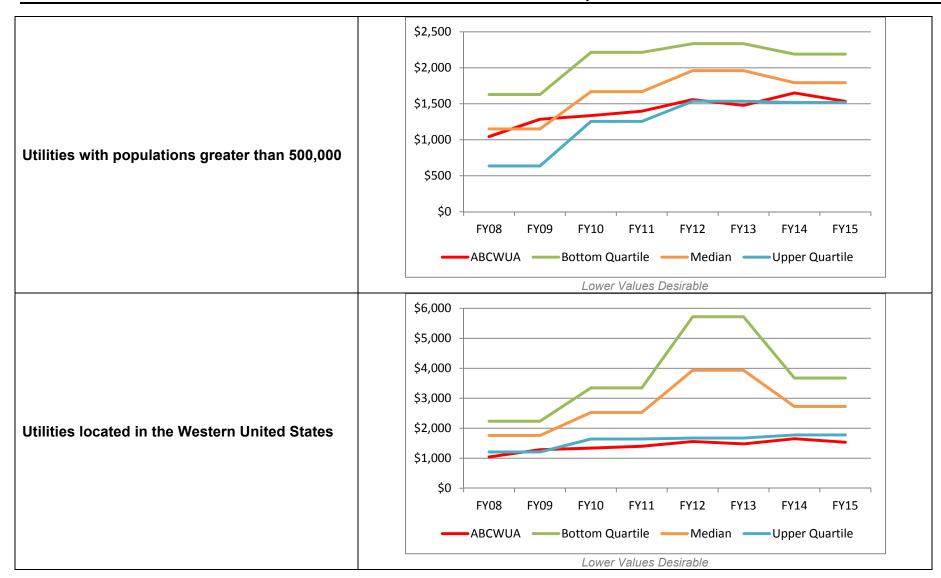
Performance Results for O&M Cost per MG Collected

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related to	Total O&M	Pagalina	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Maintain lower
	operations and maintenance	costs and	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
Effectiveness	(O&M), with breakouts of those costs related to water treatment, as related to volumes processed and the number of active customers	total wastewater collected	\$1,562	\$1,558	\$1,478	\$1,651	\$1,534	\$1,567	without reducing customer level of service

Industry Benchmark for O&M Cost per MG Collected



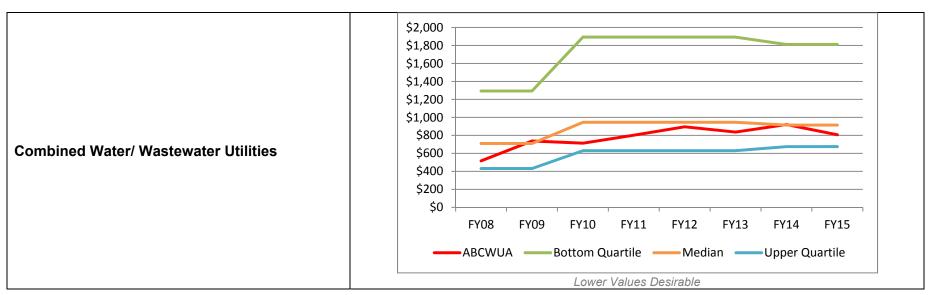
FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Performance Results for O&M Cost of Treatment per MG

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Quantify all utility costs related	Total Direct	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Maintain lower
	to operations and maintenance	O&M costs	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	O&M costs
Effectiveness	(O&M), with breakouts of those costs related to water treatment, as related to volumes processed and the number of active customers	and total wastewater treated	\$884	\$895	\$837	\$920	\$806	\$765	without reducing customer level of service

Industry Benchmark for O&M Cost of Treatment per MG



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Results Narrative

These related measures tally the cost of O&M per account and per million gallons of wastewater processed. Comparing the value of this measure with other utilities can provide information regarding the status of current accepted practices.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been above or within the median range for the past three fiscal years and is on-target to maintain this performance for the next two fiscal years.

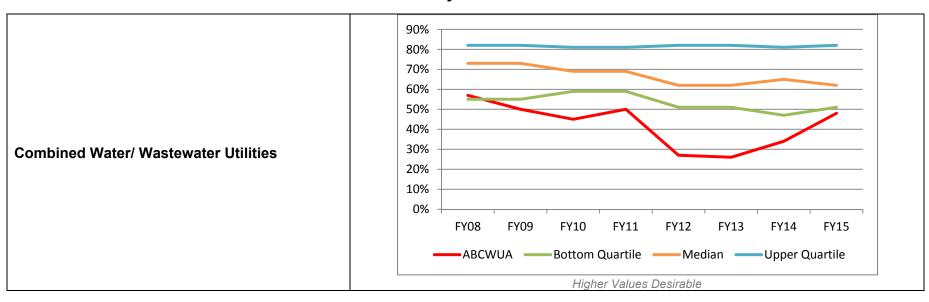
A FY10 policy objective involved constructing ultraviolet disinfection facilities and replacing the current chlorine gas for disinfection and sulfur dioxide gas for dechlorination at the wastewater treatment plant. This project was completed in FY11, and it has helped to reduce operation costs, provide cleaner water that is returned to the river, and meet effluent quality requirements.

2-5 Planned Maintenance Ratio

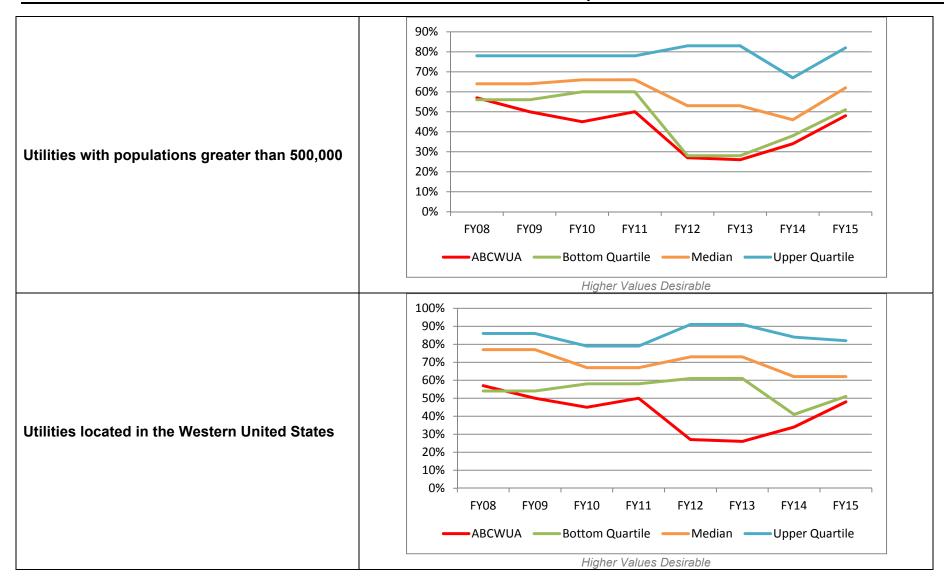
Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Comparison of how	Hours of planned	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Reduce
	effectively the Water	maintenance	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	emergency
Effectiveness	Authority is in investing in planned maintenance	• .	29%	27%	26%	34%	48%	53%	maintenance from system malfunctions

Industry Benchmarks



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 2: Wastewater Collection and Operations



Results Narrative

Planned maintenance includes preventive and predictive maintenance. Preventive maintenance is performed according to a predetermined schedule rather than in response to failure. Predictive maintenance is initiated when secondary monitoring signals from activities indicate that maintenance is due. All other maintenance is categorized as corrective (i.e., maintenance resulting from an asset that is no longer providing reliable service such as a breakdown, blockage, or leakage). Planned maintenance is preferable for assets for which the cost of repairs is high relative to the cost of corrective maintenance. The avoided cost includes both the cost of repair and the cost consequences of the service disruption, with the latter including an allowance for customer costs. Many utilities want to increase their percentage of planned maintenance activities and reduce their percentage of corrective maintenance activities. A higher ratio may indicate a reduction in emergency maintenance resulting from system malfunctions.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been below the median range for the past three fiscal years, but there has been improvement in FY14 and FY15. For the past three fiscal years, there have been objectives to increase planned maintenance work orders at the wastewater treatment plant. These objectives will also help the Water Authority meets its performance targets mentioned in Performance Measure 2-3, Wastewater Treatment Effectiveness Rate. For FY16, there is a policy objective with planned maintenance targets for the wastewater treatment plant.

Planned maintenance is a key component to the Water Authority's asset management program. In FY10, the Water Authority upgraded its work order system to integrate with the Water Authority's asset management program in order to collect and track its asset information. The purpose for this upgrade was to obtain better information to make better decisions on the Water Authority's assets.

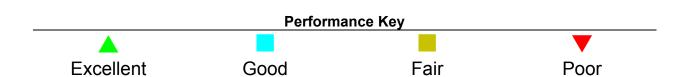
Goal 3 Customer Services

Guiding Goal Statement

Provide quality customer services by communicating effectively, billing accurately, and delivering water and wastewater services efficiently based on understanding the needs and perceptions of our customers and the community at large.

Goal Performance Scorecard

Ref#	Performance Measure	Status	Trend
3-1	Customer Quality Complaints		A
3-1	Technical Quality Complaints		A
3-2	Customer Service Cost per Account		
3-3	Billing Accuracy		
3-4	Call Center Indicators		
3-5	Residential Cost of Water & Wastewater Service		
3-6	Stakeholder Outreach Index		
	Overall Goal Status		



Linkage of Objectives to Performance Measures

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
Continue implementation of Phase 4 of the Automated Meter Infrastructure (AMI) project modernizing the Water Authority's aging meter infrastructure with smart meters to increase revenue, support conservation efforts, and provide better customer service by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-1 3-4
Implement web self-service program to provide more payment options to customers and improved cash flow through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-1 3-3
Transition the large meter program to customer service and create a maintenance program to test and repair large meters every two years through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-4
Maintain call wait time for all call centers to less than 1 minute, 90 percent of the time to provide effective customer service through the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-4
Conduct a customer opinion survey in order to assess the Water Authority's performance from the customer's viewpoint from previous surveys by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-6
Conduct quarterly Customer Conversation meetings to engage customers and obtain input on the Water Authority's activities through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-6
Conduct a survey and review of peer organization communication processes in order to generate ideas for improvement of the Public Affairs function, to include a review of approaches to use of social media, with conclusions, analysis and recommendations to be submitted by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	3-6

Performance Measure Division Responsibility

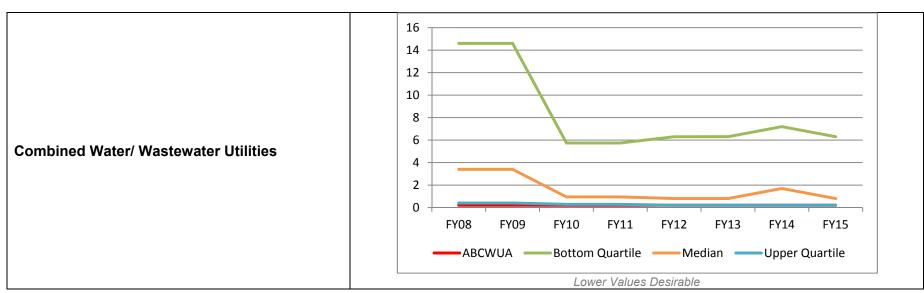
Ref#	Performance Measure	Operations Field	Operations Compliance	Customer Services	Information Technology	Finance
3-1	Customer Service & Technical Quality Complaints		\checkmark	\checkmark		
3-2	Customer Service Cost per Account			✓		\checkmark
3-3	Billing Accuracy			√	√	
3-4	Call Center Indicators			√		
3-5	Residential Cost of Water & Wastewater Service					✓
3-6	Stakeholder Outreach Index			√		

3-1 Customer Service Complaints and Technical Quality Complaints

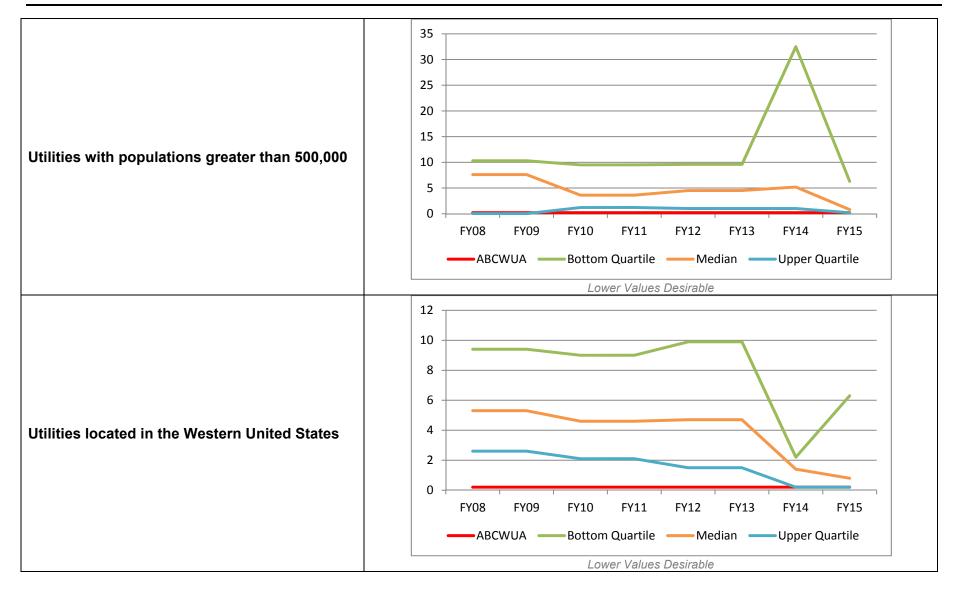
Performance Results (Service Associated Complaints)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs					Outcome	
	Measure the complaint rates	Number of	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals		Current/Est	Projected	Improve	
	experienced by the Water cus	customer	Daseime	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	customer
Effectiveness	Authority, with individual quantification of those related to customer service and those related to core utility services	f those related vice and those 1,000 customer	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	satisfaction with service and product

Industry Benchmark (Service Associated Complaints)



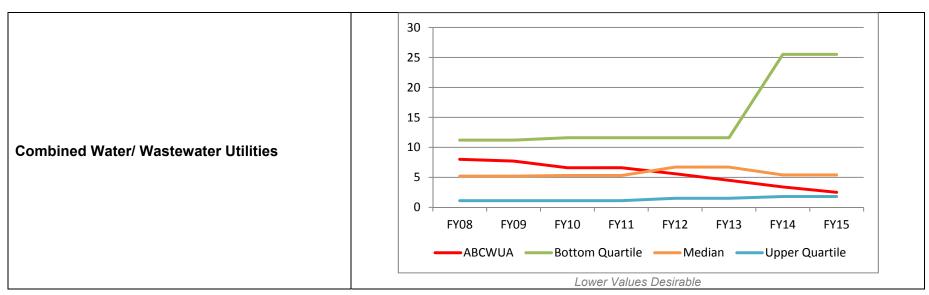
FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services



Performance Results (Technical Quality Complaints)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Measure the complaint	Number of technical	Pagalina	Prior Year Actuals Cur				Projected	Improve
	rates experienced by the	quality complaints	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	customer
Effectiveness	Water Authority, with individual quantification of those related to customer service and those related to core utility services	per 1,000 customer accounts	4.5	5.6	4.5	3.4	2.5	1.7	satisfaction with service and product

Industry Benchmarks (Technical Quality Complaints)



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services



Results Narrative

These pair of measures captures all complaints received by the utility, which are reported either as "service associated" or as "technical quality" complaints. The number of complaints is a good measure of customer service. The two categories allow a utility to track those that are people related and those that are product related.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been above the median range for the past three fiscal years for customer service complaints and within the median range for technical quality complaints. The Water Authority adopted a policy objective in FY09 is to reduce call wait time to less than 1 minute, 90 percent of the time by use of staffing and technology which will make this closer to the water industry standard. In addition, the Water Authority has upgraded its call center phone systems to effectively track customer service performance; the new phone system also allows customers to pay their bills by phone and provide 24/7 service to billing, emergencies, and reporting water waste. Moreover, the Water Authority has developed and executed a customer-focused marketing and communications strategy with an emphasis on conservation, pollution prevention, and web self-service in FY11.

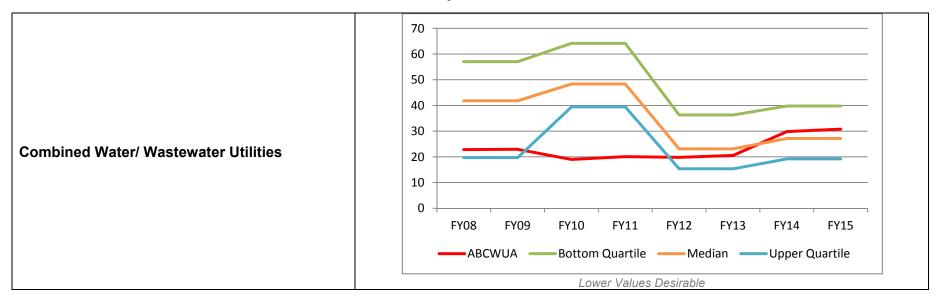
2014 Customer Opinion Survey

- 78% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the quality of the drinking water
- 83% of customers are either very or somewhat important to returning high quality water back to the river

3-2 Customer Service Cost per Account

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Measure the amount of	Total customer	Baseline	Prio	r Year Act	uals	Current/Est	Projected	Improve efficiency by
	resources the Water	service cost and	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	reducing customer
Efficiency	Authority applies to its customer service	the number of active accounts	\$23.38	\$19.79	\$20.54	\$29.81	\$30.79	\$31.49	service cost per account while meeting
	program		Ψ20.00	Ψ10.70	Ψ20.01	Ψ20.01	φσσσ	ΨΟΙΙΙΟ	customer expectations



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services



Results Narrative

The measure is expressed as the cost of managing a single customer account for one year. When viewed alone, it quantifies resource efficiency. Viewing in conjunction with other measures such as customer complaints gives the utility more information about operational performance.

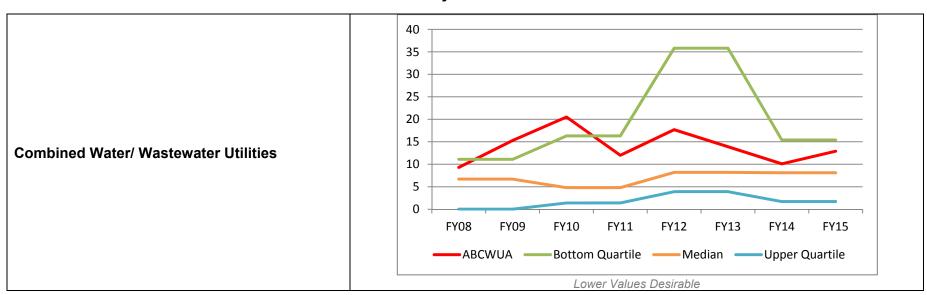
Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years. The Water Authority Board approved a 5% rate revenue increase in FY12, FY14, FY15 and FY16; another 5% rate increase will be implemented in FY18. However, the Water Authority anticipates that it will continue to be within the median range over the next three years.

3-3 Billing Accuracy

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Measure the	Number of error-driven	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Improve billing
	effectiveness of the	billing adjustments per	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	accuracy to
Effectiveness	Water Authority's	10,000 bills generated	40.0	47.7	40.0	40.4	40.0	40.0	minimize
	billing practices	during the year	13.9	17.7	13.9	10.1	12.9	12.2	customer complaints



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services



Results Narrative

Customers rarely think about their utility, unless they have a problem with service or billing. This measure helps a utility measure how effective its billing practices are relative to others.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years. As the utility implements its Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI) system, performance in this measure will improve. About one-third of the meters are in AMI system. The purpose of the AMI Project is to replace the Water Authority's aging meters with modern smart meters in order to save money, deliver more accurate bills and encourage users to conserve water.

AMI customers will be able to view in real-time exactly how much water they consume and use this information to actively manage and reduce their daily usage and save on their water bill. They also can change their basic account data, create personal goals and budgets with reminders and updates, and download targeted educational material to learn about and enroll in resource-conservation programs. The technology will also allow the Water Authority to remotely review consumption levels across the service area, assisting with conservation and billing and identifying and repairing leaks before they become significant problems.

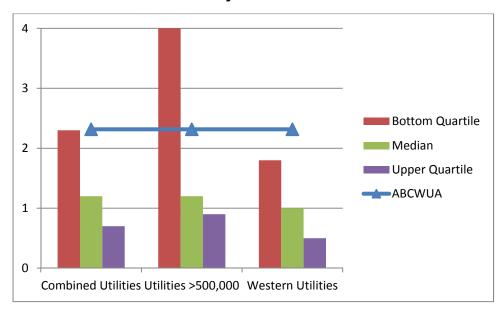
2014 Customer Opinion Survey

- 91% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the accuracy of their bill
- 90% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the bill format and water usage graph
- 89% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the billing payment options

3-4 Call Center Indicators

Performance Results Average Wait Time (minutes)

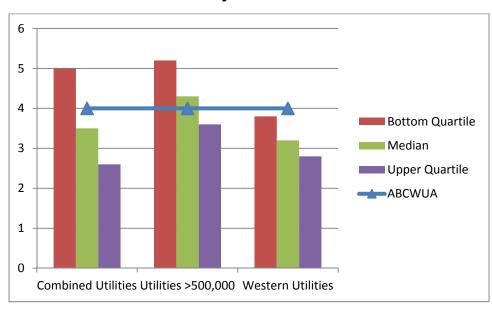
Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Quantify the call wait time	Average time a caller must wait on hold	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	ctuals	Current /Est	Projected	Reduce call wait time and avoid customers
	experienced by	before they can speak	eak	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	hanging up
Effectiveness	Water Authority customers	to an agent or customer service representative, not including time spent navigating through computerized menu options				1:12	3:12	2:12	



Generally, lower values are desirable

Performance Results Average Total Call Time (minutes)

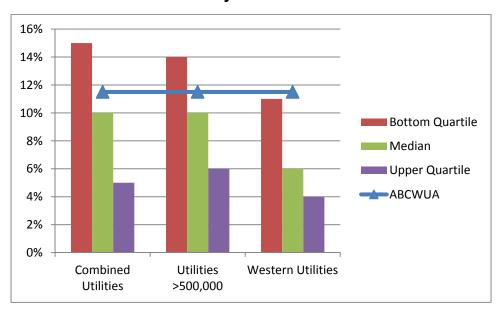
Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs					Outcome	
	Quantify the time spent to resolve	Average time spent by an agent or CSR	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	ctuals	Current /Est	Projected	Reduce the average total call time to enable CSRs
Effectiveness	the purpose of the	on the phone with a		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	to handle more customer
Lifectiveness	phone call by Water Authority customers	customer				3:47	5:51	3:78	calls and reduce wait time



Generally, lower values are desirable

Performance Results Abandoned Call Ratio

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs					Outcome	
	Quantify the number calls	Total number of calls abandoned divided	Baseline	Prior	Year Ad	ctuals	Current /Est	Projected	Allow CSRs to effectively assist customers with
Effectiveness	abandoned from	by the total number of		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	their needs before they
	Water Authority customers	calls received				6.7%	13.4%	10.1%	become impatient and hang up



Generally, lower values are desirable

Results Narrative

The efficiency (cost) and effectiveness (outcomes) of call centers can be evaluated in many different ways. Utilities can track and compare their call center's average wait time, average talk time, and abandoned call ratio to better understand if expenses can be reduced while customer satisfaction is improved. Abandoned calls are those terminated by the calling party before being answered by an agent or customer service representative (CSR). The total number of calls received during the reporting period refers to the number of calls attempting to reach the contact center that are not blocked, incomplete, or denied.

Measurement Status

The Call Center Indicators metric was recently included by AWWA in their benchmarking survey. The Water Authority also recently upgraded its call center phone systems to effectively track customer service performance allowing the utility to benchmarking with industry peers. The new phone system also allows customers to pay their bills by phone and provide 24/7 service to billing, emergencies, and reporting water waste.

The Water Authority adopted a policy objective in FY09 is to reduce call wait time to less than 1 minute, 90 percent of the time by use of staffing and technology which will make this closer to the water industry standard.

The Water Authority will continue to track these indicators and benchmark with industry peers and determine targets for operational and customer service improvements.

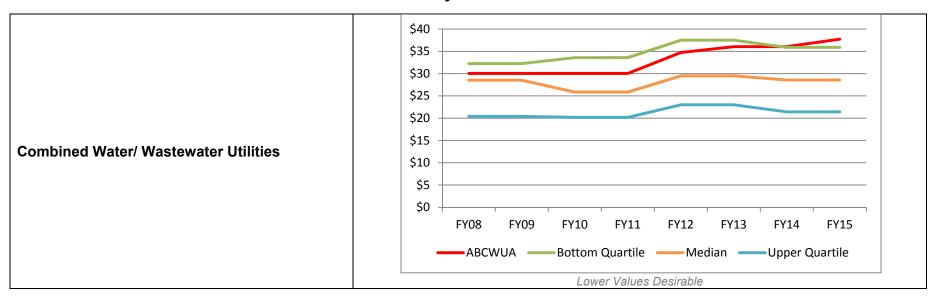
2014 Customer Opinion Survey

- 59% of customers gave either excellent or good rating on the overall quality of service provided by a customer service representative
- 94% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the courtesy of the customer service representative
- 80% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the knowledge and ability to answer your questions or resolve your issues
- 81% of customers are either very or somewhat satisfied with the length of wait to speak with a customer service representative

3-5 Residential Cost of Water and/or Sewer Service

Performance Results (Average Residential Water Service)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Compare the residential	Bill amount for monthly	Baseline	Prio	r Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Provide
	cost of water and sewer	residential water/sewer	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	affordable water
Efficiency	service based on both a defined quantity of water use and the average residential bill amounts for those services	service and average residential water/sewer bill for one month of service	\$33.17	\$30.04	\$33.42	\$36.05	\$36.05	\$37.85	and legally justifiable rates to our customers

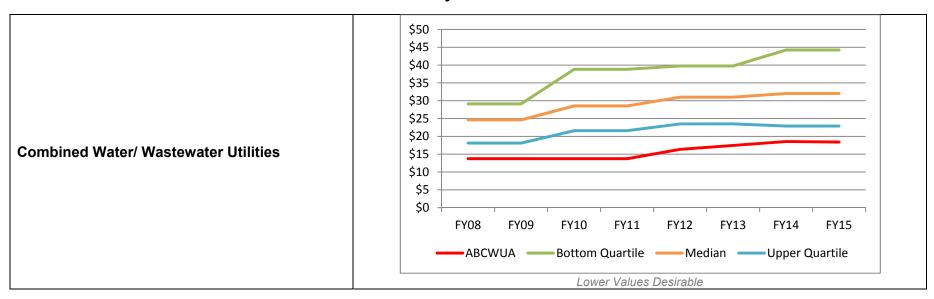


FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services

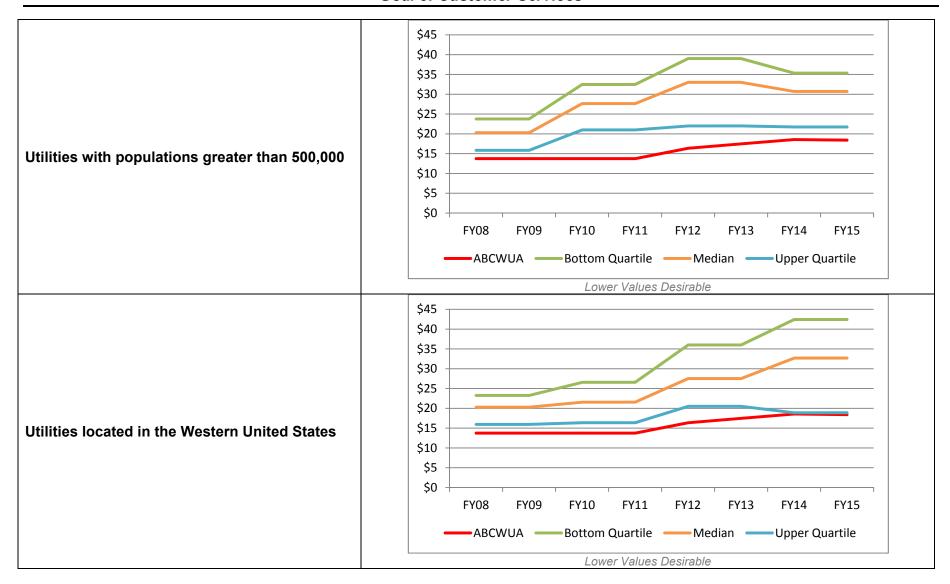


Performance Results (Average Residential Sewer Service)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outputs					
	Compare the residential	Bill amount for monthly	Pagalina	Prio	r Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Provide
	cost of water and sewer	residential water/sewer	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	affordable water
Efficiency	service based on both a defined quantity of water use and the average residential bill amounts for those services	service and average residential water/sewer bill for one month of service	\$16.22	\$13.74	\$16.35	\$18.56	\$18.56	\$19.49	and legally justifiable rates to our customers



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 3: Customer Services



Results Narrative

This measure shows average residential water bill amount for one month of service for water and wastewater. The data provided is based on a bill amount for a typical residential customer served water through a 3/4 × 5/8-inch meter. Because each utility is unique, this measure is quite complex. In some places, rates may be artificially low or high in order for achieve non-utility objectives. In others, utilities may have rates controlled by public utility commissions.

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years for average residential water service, and above the median range for the past three fiscal years for average residential sewer service. The Water Authority completed a comprehensive water and wastewater rate study in FY05 which had not been conducted since the early 1990s. The Water Authority adopted a policy objective for FY08 to update that rate study in order to include wholesale water rates. Another reason to update the rate study is to include a cost of services model for master planned communities so that these new large developments pay 100% of the cost for building master planned facilities. In FY11, the water and sewer rate structures were evaluated to ensure equity within the structures. The 2010 rate structure evaluation included incorporating former New Mexico Utilities into the Water Authority rate structure. The FY12 rate ordinance also added a 200% tier to the extra use surcharge to promote conservation and increased the Low Use Water Discount from 20% to 30%. A 5% rate revenue increase was implemented in FY12, FY14, FY15 and FY16; another 5% rate increase is planned for FY18. The FY14 rate ordinance update also increased the Low Use Water Discount from 30% to 50%. The FY15 rate adjustment was on exclusively on the fixed rate in order to meet infrastructure renewal needs. The Water Authority completed a rate evaluation in FY15 for the FY16 rate structure. The rate structure refined the 50% Low Use Water Discount, continue to promote conservation, and achieve rate stability and revenue sufficiency by moving more revenue recovery from the base charge than in previous years.

Even with the adopted and planned rate increases, the Water Authority anticipates that it will still be above the median range over the next five years. Another rate study will be conducted in FY17 in preparation of the FY18 rate increase.

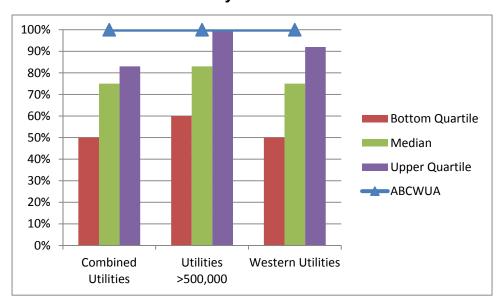
2014 Customer Opinion Survey

- 87% of customers either strongly or somewhat agree that water and sewer services are a good value for the amount of money paid
- 74% of customers either strongly or somewhat agree that because water is a scarce resource, water rates should be designed to reflect the value of water in our daily lives
- 67% of customers either strongly or somewhat agree that water rates should be increased to cover the cost of providing a reliable water supply for future generations

3-6 Stakeholder Outreach Index

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Ou	tputs			Outcome
Effectiveness	Quantify the utility's stakeholder	Self-assessment based on Stakeholder	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current /Est	Projected	Assess the utility's outreach efforts with its
Ellectivelless	outreach activities	Outreach Checklist		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	stakeholders
					75%	83%	100%	100%	



Generally, higher values are desirable

Results Narrative

This indicator provides a measure of a utility's stakeholder outreach activities. It is calculated based on self-assigned points the various categories in the Stakeholder Outreach Checklist. The value assigned to each statement is based on evidence that existed during the reporting period to support the statement, as reviewed and rated by senior utility management. Total scores can range from 0 to 12 and are presented as a percentage of the maximum possible score of 12.

Measurement Status

The Stakeholder Outreach Index was recently included by AWWA in their benchmarking survey. The Water Authority has been measuring this Index for the last two fiscal years. In FY14, the Water Authority conducted a customer opinion survey in order to assess the Water Authority's performance from the customer's viewpoint from previous surveys. This was the fifth customer opinion survey conducted since the first survey in 2006 which allowed the Water Authority view trends of customer's opinions. The results of the 2014 survey have been incorporated into the Performance Plan as many questions or statements are connected to the benchmarks in the Performance Plan.

Also in last two fiscal years, the Water Authority has conducted quarterly customer meetings called Customer Conversations to engage its customers through topic forums. The Customer Advisory Committee (CAC) hosted each meeting and CAC members attended these meetings to observe the process and listen to customers' discussions and comments. For the FY14 Customer Conversation meetings, topics included: 1) Long Term Water Supply Priorities; 2) Water Waste Enforcement Program Retrofit; and 3) Potable Water Reuse. The information complied through these meetings was used to update and implement existing utility policies, plans and programs. The focus for the FY15 program was to obtain customer input on infrastructure renewal, conservation, and rates. Specific topic areas included: 1) The Water Authority's infrastructure renewal needs based on its Asset Management Plan; and 2) The need for rate adjustments to implement the Asset Management Plan while managing the decline in revenue related to large decreases in water use. The information complied through these meetings was used to update the Water Authority's 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) and evaluate the rate structure. The rate structure evaluation favored a rate structure consistent with that supported by Customer Conversations participants, and this recommendation was adopted by the Water Authority's governing Board. Of critical importance was the fact that the adopted structure satisfied the utility's need to encourage water conservation while improving revenue sufficiency and rate stability.

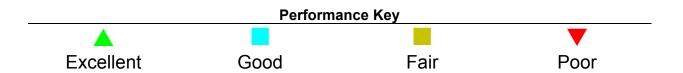
Goal 4 Business Planning & Management

Guiding Goal Statement

Maintain a well planned, managed, coordinated, and financially stable utility by continuously evaluating and improving the means, methods, and models used to deliver services.

Goal Performance Scorecard

Ref#	Performance Measure	Status	Trend
4-1	Debt Ratio		
4-2	Return on Assets	V	_
4-3	System Renewal / Replacement Rate (Water)	V	
4-3	System Renewal / Replacement Rate (Wastewater)	_	
4-4	Triple Bottom Line Index		
	Overall Goal Status		



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Linkage of Objectives to Performance Measures

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
Expend \$37 million in water and wastewater capital rehabilitation and replacement programs to replace aging, high risk assets that are past their useful life by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16. \$1 million shall be dedicated and used for identifying steel water pipes in critical or poor condition and rehabilitating or replacing at least 2 miles of small diameter steel water lines by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-3
Continue development of a comprehensive energy master plan to reduce energy demand by utilizing alternative clean energy sources by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-4
Continue implementation and system integration of mobile solutions to operations staff for optimization of the work order process including Clevest, and automation of preventative maintenance on utility equipment; begin implementation of Phase 2 to assess and plan the expansion of Clevest and consolidation of mobile solutions to the Clevest application, and its impact on the Maximo upgrade scheduled for FY16.	4-3
Update an Information Technology Strategic Plan that supports the upgrade of enterprise applications and the continued growth of the Information Technology Division as an effective Internal Service Provider including: 1) Phase 1 of Maximo work order asset management system to be upgraded to version 7.5 by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16; 2) planning, assessment and development of an RFP for implementation services for the Customer Care and Billing program; 3) upgrade SunGard ERP to include core finance, personnel, payroll; 4) implementation of information technology best practices for service desk, change management, and project tracking, to better manage budget control, reporting and resource allocation.	NA
Conduct formal Budget training for all division managers, chief engineers, section managers, and superintendents by the end of the 2nd Quarter of FY16.	NA
Review and update financial and budget procedures and policies based on best practices for improved government management by the end of the 2nd Quarter of FY16.	NA
Maintain the Compliance Division Regulatory Compliance Permit Matrix and the Regulatory Matrix Status Report to respectively maintain schedules for permit submittals and monitor and report emerging Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and Clean Water Act (CWA) regulations, New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission and Environmental Improvement Board regulations, and local laws ordinances, etc. to identify and assess potential impacts on the Water Authority. Provide quarterly reports through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-4
Collect, monitor, and report weekly, monthly and quarterly key laboratory performance metrics to include: WQL results approved and reported for each laboratory section (chemistry, microbiology, metals, and external labs), laboratory productivity (results reported per productive hour), and the percentage of results reported late (turnaround time (TAT)). Maintain performance levels at FY14 levels. Research and identify industry performance benchmarks to be included for comparison.	4-4
Continue collection and analyses of the operational data necessary to determine and document the actual cost of service for laboratory services for the analytical methods within the Water Quality Laboratory scope of accreditation. The status of the data collection and analyses efforts will be reported quarterly.	4-4

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
In conjunction with the Information Technology Division, begin transition to LabAdvantage Laboratory Information Management System through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-4
Continue to develop the data repository including coordinating with Plant Operations Division to develop reports generated from the Data Repository to provide new access to approved laboratory and field analytical instrument water quality analyses and user statistical analyses tools through the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-4
Continue to develop the Environmental Monitoring Program to improve the reliability of results from field instrumentation and sample collection techniques. Develop a program plan based on designated ISO standard to address accreditation requirements to include standard operating procedures, document control and records management plans, and a process for demonstration of staff capability. Implement program plan by the end of the 2nd Quarter of FY16.	4-4
Prepare for the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) annual assessment of the Water Quality Laboratory including completing required internal audits and annual review and revision of Standard Operating Procedures. Monitor and report findings each Quarter of FY16, along with progress made to address and resolve any deficiencies identified in the preceding quarter. Monitor and report weekly, monthly, and quarterly the number of Corrective Action Reports and the necessary time for completion of corrective actions.	4-4
Evaluate the cost of treating septage and chemical toilet waste at the Southside Reclamation Plant; update the hauled wastewater policies and procedures by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	4-4

Performance Measure Division Responsibility

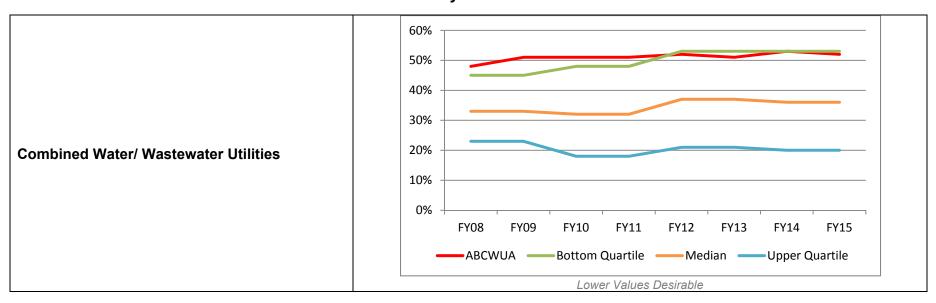
Ref#	Performance Measure	Finance	Operations Water Resources, Engineering & Planning	
4-1	Debt Ratio	✓		
4-2	Return on Assets	√		
4-3	System Renewal / Replacement Rate (Water)	√	\checkmark	
4-3	System Renewal / Replacement Rate (Wastewater)	✓	✓	
4-4	Triple Bottom Line Index		\checkmark	

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4-1 Debt Ratio

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Quantify the	Total liabilities and	Baseline	Prior	Year Actu	uals	Current/Est	Projected	Maintain low debt
	Water Authority's	total assets	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	burden and
Effectiveness	level of indebtedness		52%	52%	51%	53%	52%	50%	communicate fiscally responsible to our
									customers



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 4: Business Planning and Management



Results Narrative

The higher the calculated debt ratio, the more dependent the utility is on debt financing. Many utilities use this measure as an internal measure of performance. Debt equity ratio is an important measure because a high debt burden brings larger costs for interest and capital repayments.

Measurement Status

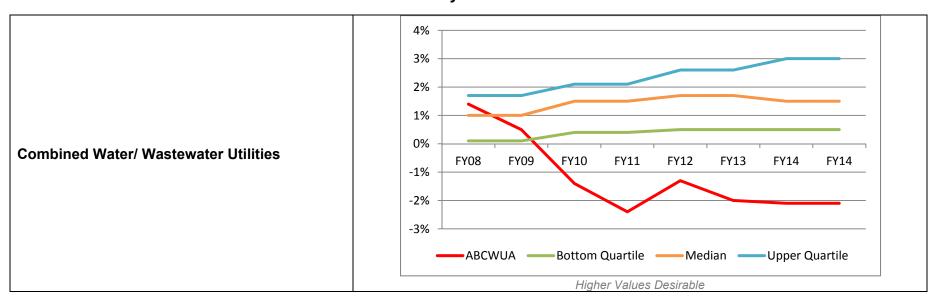
The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been below the median range for the past three fiscal years.

The Water Authority has borrowed a significant amount of funds to pay for a new surface drinking water treatment plant as part of the \$500 million San Juan Chama Drinking Water Project. The Water Authority has approximately \$665 million in outstanding debt which is primarily attributed to carrying out the Water Resources Management Strategy projects, including the San Juan Chama Drinking Water Project. In addition, the Water Authority has secured its water supply for the long term compared to most utilities which must invest a significant amount of capital in securing a water supply. The Water Authority has never managed for a high rating from the three rating agencies. Although the ratings are above peer average, the amount of debt and cash on hand tend to be below peer. However, the cost of the new facilities, rehabilitation of existing facilities and asset management plan implementation will continue to require significant capital financing. The only way to improve this category would be to not invest in the required capital improvements and/or have significant rate increases to improve cash on hand. The long term outlook for the Water Authority is above peer given the capital investments which will be made and the rapid retirement of debt. The Water Authority has a bond rating of Aa2 by Moody's and AA by Fitch and AA+ by Standard and Poor's – all ratings which are above our peers.

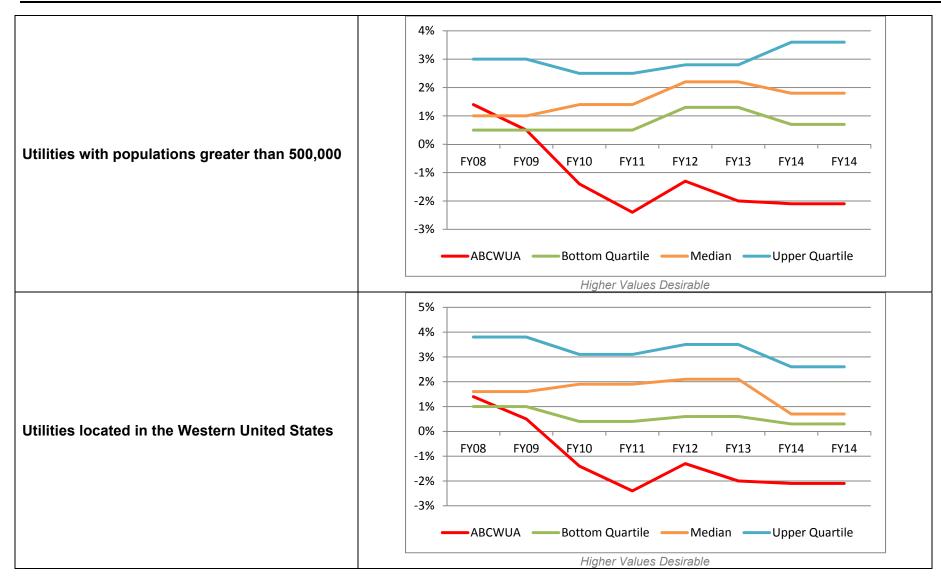
4-2 Return on Assets

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Outcome				
	Measure the Net income and Baseline				Year Actu	uals	Projected	Improve the financial	
	financial	total assets	FY	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	health of the Water
Effectiveness	effectiveness of								Authority
	the Water		-1.8%	-1.3%	-2.0%	-2.1%	-2.1%	-1.9%	
	Authority								



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 4: Business Planning and Management



Results Narrative

The return on assets ratio measures how well a utility's management team is doing its job. A comparison of net income and average total assets, the return on assets ratio reveals how much income management has been able to squeeze from each dollar's worth of a utility's assets. All utilities are interested in their financial health and are particularly sensitive to this measure, seeking higher ratios where possible.

Measurement Status

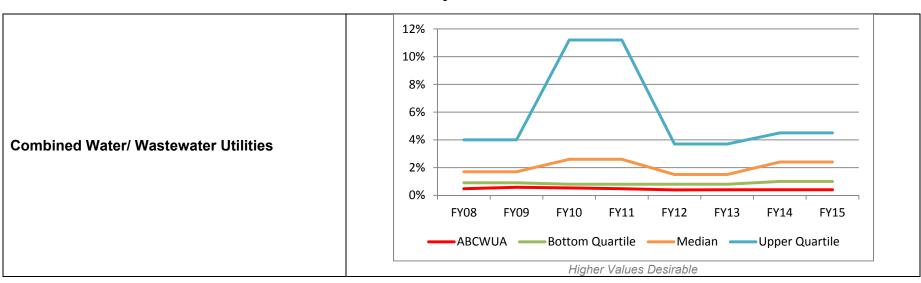
The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been below the median range for two of the last three fiscal years. The Water Authority's performance in this measure has remained steady at -2.0% over the last three years. The recently completed \$500 million San Juan Chama Drinking Water Project has had a major impact on depreciation and interest expenses. In addition, connection charge revenue has been declining over the last five years. Even though building permits for new construction in the Albuquerque metropolitan area have significantly decreased because of the downturn in the economy, the Water Authority has maintained a 2% increase in customer accounts during the same time period not including the acquisition of a private utility in 2009 which added about 17,000 accounts. The 2% increase trend in customer accounts is a result from adding households from developed but unserved areas that were on domestic wells and septic systems to the Water Authority's water and wastewater system as part of the Valley Utilities Project and the South Valley Drinking Water Project.

The Water Authority has developed and implemented a long term financial plan which anticipates revenue needs allows for financial stability, ongoing system improvements and rate stability for customers. It has also ensured conservative financial policies, including 12 year financing on basic capital with 50% cash, \$30 million must be invested in system rehabilitation and replacement. In addition, it has established rate reserve fund to mitigate revenue fluctuations and postpone rate increases (\$2 million per year contributed).

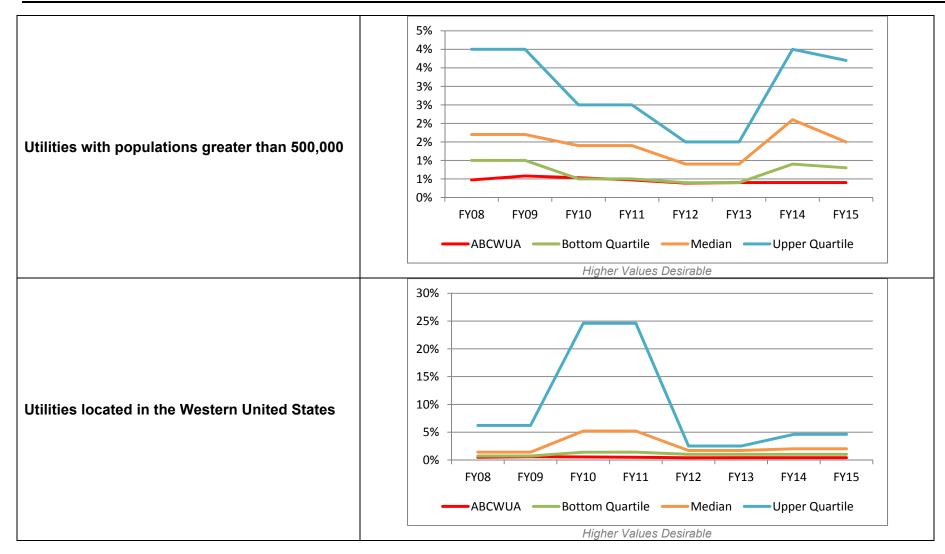
4-3 System Renewal / Replacement Rate

Performance Results (Water Pipeline & Distribution)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs						Outcome
	Quantify the rate at	Total actual expenditures	Pagalina	Prior	Year Ad	ctuals	Current/Est	Projected	Reduce corrective
	which the Water	reserved for renewal and	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	maintenance by
Effectiveness	Authority is meeting its individual need for infrastructure renewal or replacement	replacement and total present worth for renewal and replacement needs for each asset group	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	investing in infrastructure improvements to the system

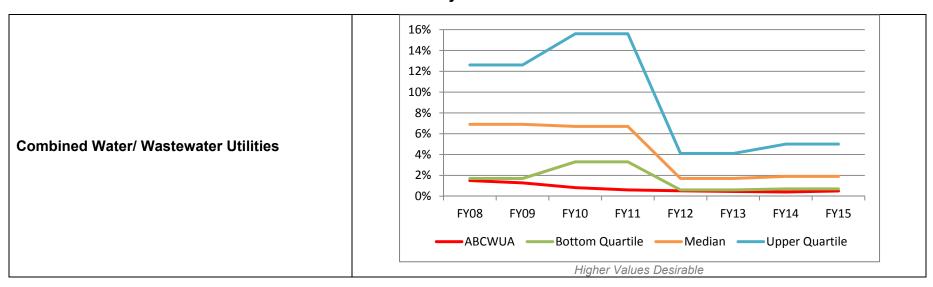


FY16 Performance Plan Goal 4: Business Planning and Management



Performance Results (Water Facility & Pumping)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs		Outcome					
	Quantify the rate Total actual Prior		Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Reduce corrective		
	at which the	expenditures reserved	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	maintenance by
Effectiveness	Water Authority is meeting its individual need for infrastructure renewal or replacement	for renewal and replacement and total present worth for renewal and replacement needs for each asset group	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	investing in infrastructure improvements to the system

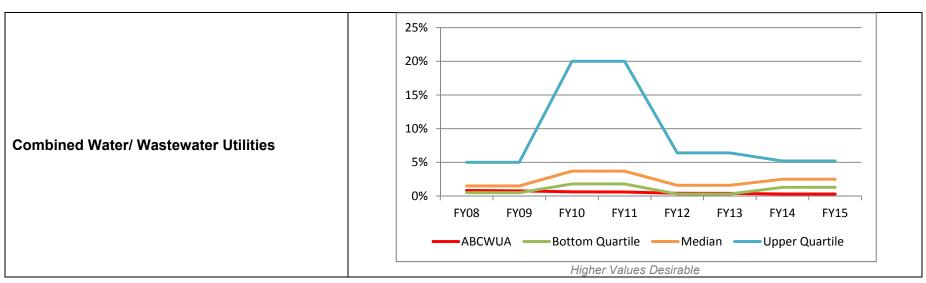


FY16 Performance Plan Goal 4: Business Planning and Management

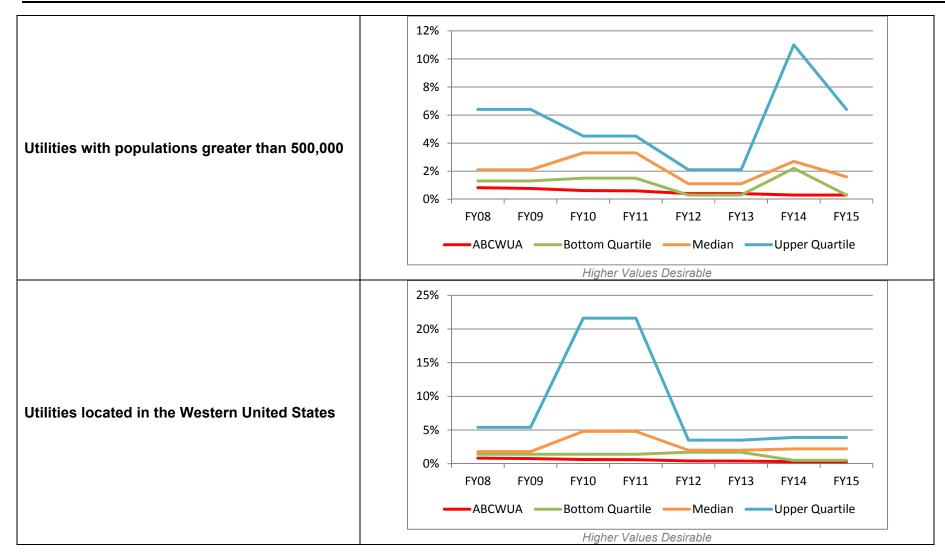


Performance Results (Wastewater Pipeline & Collection)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs				Outcome			
	Quantify the rate	Total actual	Basslins	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Reduce corrective
	at which the	expenditures reserved	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	maintenance by
Effectiveness	Water Authority is meeting its individual need for infrastructure renewal or replacement	for renewal and replacement and total present worth for renewal and replacement needs for each asset group	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	investing in infrastructure improvements to the system

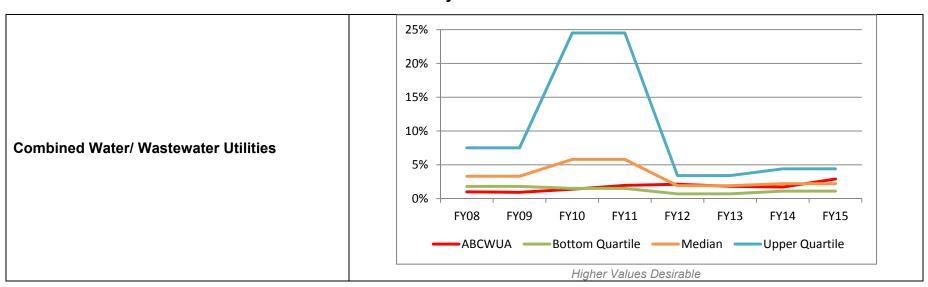


FY16 Performance Plan Goal 4: Business Planning and Management

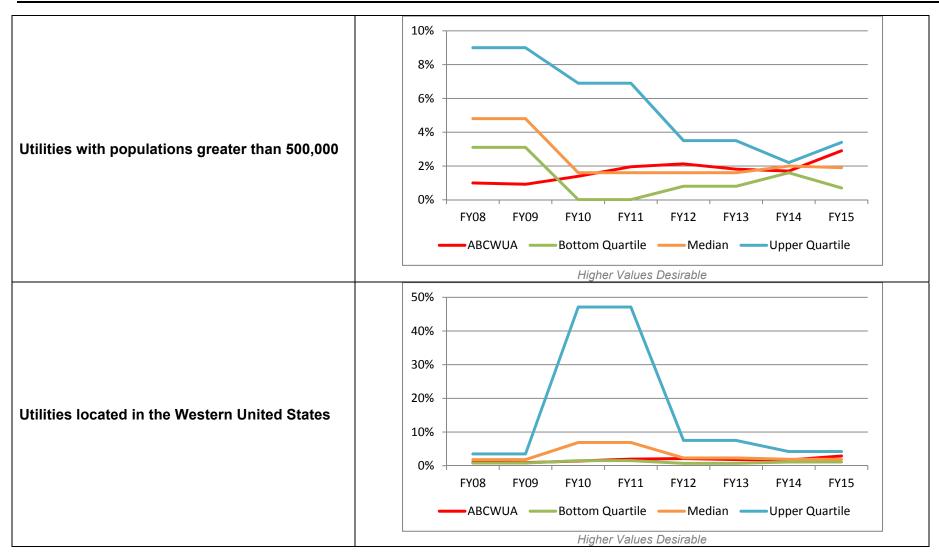


Performance Results (Wastewater Facility & Pumping)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs				Outcome			
	Quantify the rate	Total actual	Basslins	Prio	r Year Ac	tuals	Current/Est	Projected	Reduce corrective
	at which the	expenditures reserved	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	maintenance by
Effectiveness	Water Authority is meeting its individual need for infrastructure renewal or replacement	for renewal and replacement and total present worth for renewal and replacement needs for each asset group	1.9%	2.1%	1.8%	1.7%	2.9%	2.9%	investing in infrastructure improvements to the system



FY16 Performance Plan
Goal 4: Business Planning and Management



Results Narrative

This measure quantifies the degree to which a water or wastewater utility is replacing its infrastructure based on target lives for both water and wastewater asset groups. Data for these asset groups are provided in four categories:

1. Water pipeline/distribution

- 3. Wastewater pipelines and collection
- Water treatment facility and pumping
- 4. Wastewater treatment facility and pumping

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been below the median range for the past three fiscal years in three of the four asset groups. The wastewater treatment performance is within median range because of the significant replacement and rehabilitation program at the wastewater treatment plant. Since FY07, the Water Authority increased its capital program spending from \$30 million per year to \$60 million per year, including significant increases in planned rehabilitation spending from \$22 million to \$46 million. Beginning in FY15, the utility will add \$3 million each year cumulatively to reach \$30 million in additional funding in the next ten years.

In FY08, the Water Authority formally established its asset management program and established a Steering Committee to implement the program. The Committee's role is to communicate and drive the development and implementation of the asset management program. The program is an extensive, well thought out 'Business Model' that helps the Water Authority make better acquisition, operations and maintenance, renewal, and replacement decisions. In FY11, the Water Authority completed an Asset Management Plan (AMP) as a part of its asset management program. The AMP provides a 30-year projection that allows the Water Authority to budget for renewals and replacements into the future. In addition, the Water Authority will begin upgrading its work order system in a manner that supports asset management business objectives. Moreover, the Water Authority has incorporated asset management principles and management of risk into ten-year Capital Improvement Plan.

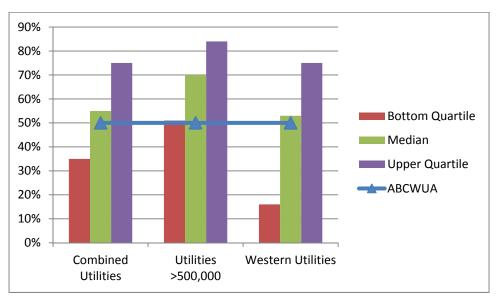
2014 Customer Opinion Survey

 86% of customers feel that it is very or somewhat important to invest in the repair and replacement of old water and sewer lines

4-4 Triple Bottom Line Index

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			Out	tputs			Outcome
Effectiveness	Quantify the utility's sustainability efforts	Self-assessment based on Triple-	Baseline	Prior	Year Ac	tuals	Current /Est	Projected	Assess the utility's sustainability efforts
Ellectivelless		Bottom-Line		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	
		Checklist	-	-		60%	50%	60%	



Generally, higher values are desirable

Results Narrative

This indicator provides a measure of a utility's sustainability efforts. It is calculated based on self-assessed points assigned in the various categories in the Triple-Bottom-Line (TBL) Checklist. The TBL framework represents a balanced view of environmental, social, and economic considerations. The value assigned to each statement is based on evidence that existed during the reporting period to support the statement, as reviewed and rated by senior utility management. Cumulative scores can range from 0 to 20 and are presented as percentages (total score / 20 × 100%).

Measurement Status

The Triple-Bottom-Line Index was recently included by AWWA in their benchmarking survey. The Water Authority has been measuring this Index for the last two fiscal years. It will continue to track these indicators and benchmark with industry peers and determine targets for its sustainability programs.

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Goal 5 Organizational Development

Guiding Goal Statement

Sustain a well informed, trained, motivated, safe, organized, and competitive work force to effectively meet the expectations of the customers, community, and Board in accordance with adopted policies and mandates.

Goal Performance Scorecard

Ref#	Performance Measure	Status	Trend
5-1	Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate		
5-2	Training Hours per Employee		
5-3	Customer Accounts per Employee (Water)	_	
5-3	Customer Accounts per Employee (Wastewater)	_	
5-4	Employee Turnover	_	
5-5	Retirement Eligibility		
5-6	Organizational Best Practices Index	_	
	Overall Goal Status		<u> </u>



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Linkage of Objectives to Performance Measures

FY16 Objectives	Measure Reference
Reduce injury hours to 2,750 hours or less to improve productivity and reliability of services provided by employees by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	5-1
Complete the standard operating procedures for the water and wastewater plants and begin training by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	5-2
Continue implementation of the Operational Improvement Strategy by implementing the Area Procedures and Evaluations, and documenting and collecting data from key performance indicators to improve work load management and system performance efficiencies by the end of the 4th Quarter of FY16.	5-2
Maintain an average utility-wide vacancy rate of no greater than 6% through the end of FY16.	5-4
Conduct an employee engagement and satisfaction survey by the 4th Quarter of FY16.	5-6

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Performance Measure Division Responsibility

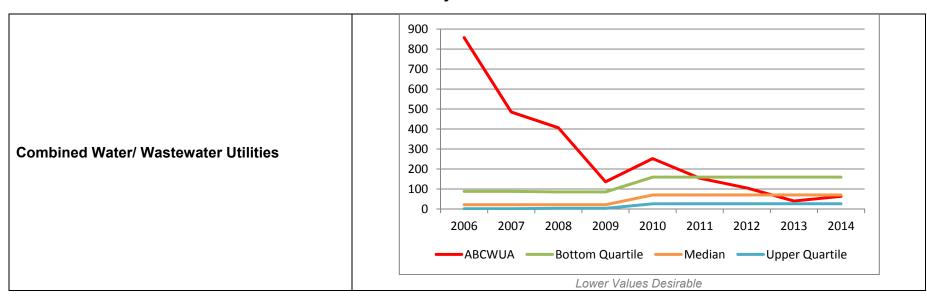
Ref#	Performance Measure	Operations	Financial / Business Services	Human Resources
5-1	Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate			\checkmark
5-2	Training Hours per Employee			\checkmark
5-3	Customer Accounts per Employee (Water)	√	✓	
5-3	Customer Accounts per Employee (Wastewater)	√	✓	
5-4	Employee Turnover	√		\checkmark
5-5	Retirement Eligibility	√		√
5-6	Organizational Best Practices Index	√	✓	√

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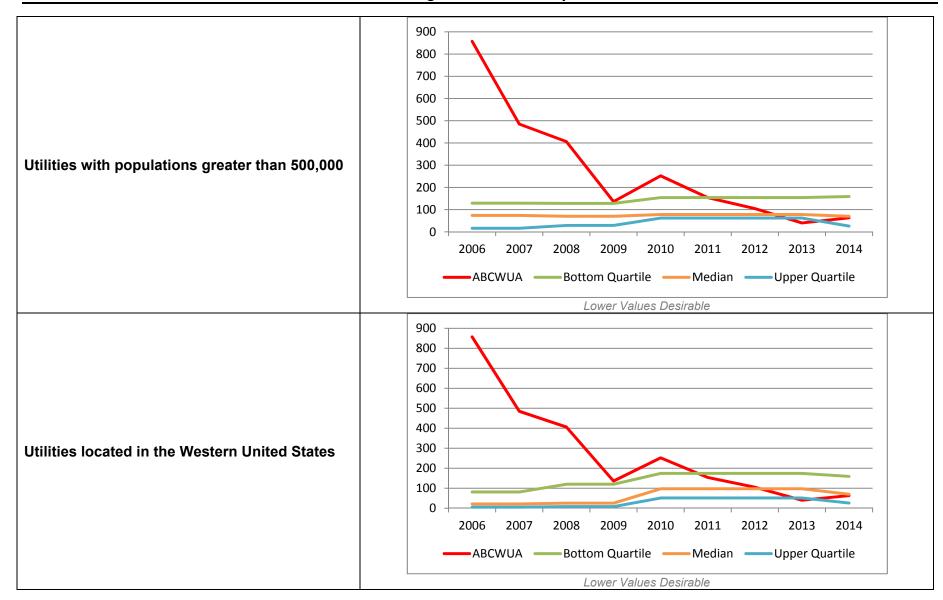
5-1 Employee Health and Safety Severity Rate

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			C	Outputs			Outcome
	Quantify the rate	Total workdays away	Baseline	Prior	Improve employee				
Effectiveness	of employee days	from work and total	Daseille	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	health and safety to
	lost from work due	hours worked by all	100	154	105	40	63	51	reduce total
	to illness or injury	employees	100	154	103	40	03	51	workdays from work



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 5: Organization Development



Results Narrative

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has established accident and illness recording and reporting requirements that affect most organizations. The OSHA standard is recommended because it has broad applicability and most utilities are already recording the needed data. The OSHA lost-days measure quantifies the rate of days lost due to illness or injury per 100 employee-years of work. It was selected as a good measure for water and wastewater utilities because it summarizes a very useful set of data that is readily available at most utilities.

Excessive lost workdays affect productivity and can cost utilities in a number of ways. Health care, insurance premiums, and overtime can all be adversely impacted by lost work due to injury or health reasons.

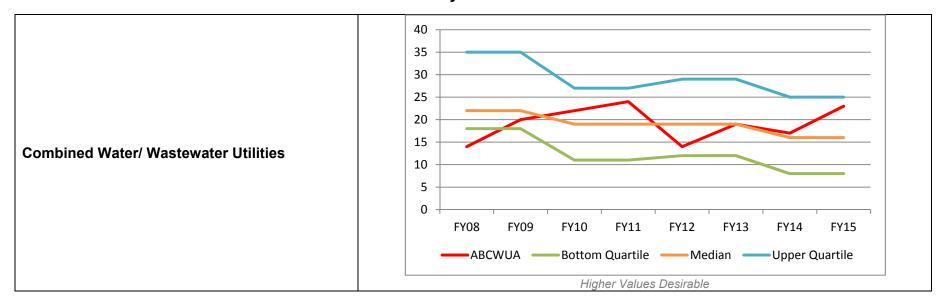
Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure was below the median range since the Water Authority began measuring its performance in 2005. Since 2006, the Water Authority's performance in this measure has improved every year with a 89% decrease in injury hours over the last eight years. From past policy objectives, the Water Authority has developed safe work incentives and routine employee safety training. In addition, the Water Authority improved its Light Duty Program in order to get workers back to the job safely. This new process has provided a clearer understanding on what needs to take place when an injury occurs including the documentation, payroll coding and expectation and assignment of the employee. In 2009, the Water Authority awarded its employees with a \$500 incentive payment, taxes paid, and in 2010, employees received \$300 for meeting injury reduction goals. However, the Water Authority did not meet its FY11 goal due to several long-term injuries, but the utility did meet its FY12, FY13 and FY14 goals and awarded its employees with a \$300 incentive payment. A policy objective for FY16 is to reduce injury hours to 2,750 hours or less to improve productivity and reliability of services provided by employees; the goal is connected with a \$300 per employee safety incentive program.

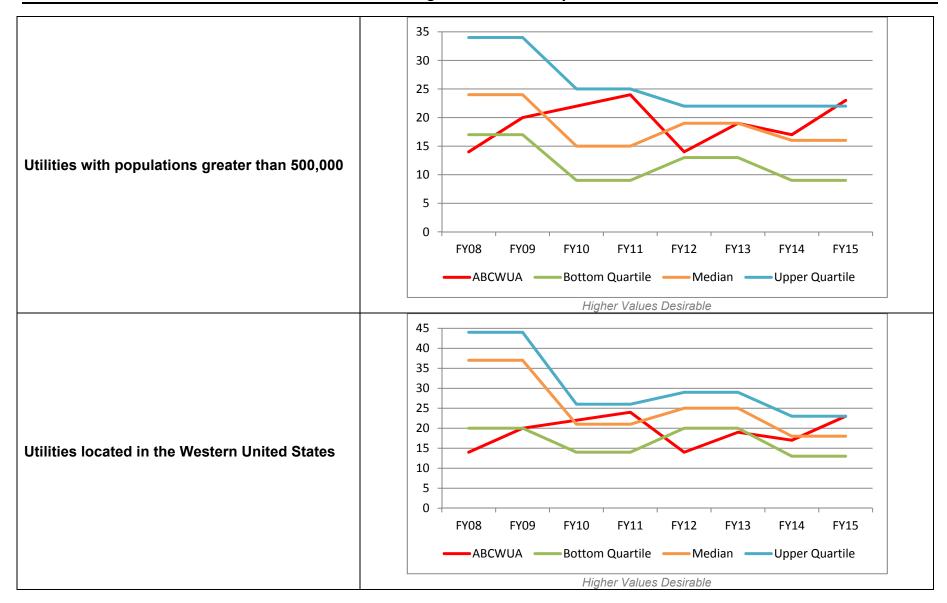
5-2 Training Hours per Employee

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			(Outputs			Outcome
	Measure the	Number of formal	Baseline Prior Year Actuals Currer					Projected	Improve employee
	quantity of formal	training hours per	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	knowledge and skills
Effectiveness	training Water Authority employees actually completing	employee per year	16	14	19	17	23	24	to maintain a motivated and effective works force



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 5: Organization Development



Results Narrative

This measure is intended to reflect the organization's commitment to formal training as a means of improving employee knowledge and skills. It also does not address the effectiveness or efficiency of the training programs used by the utility.

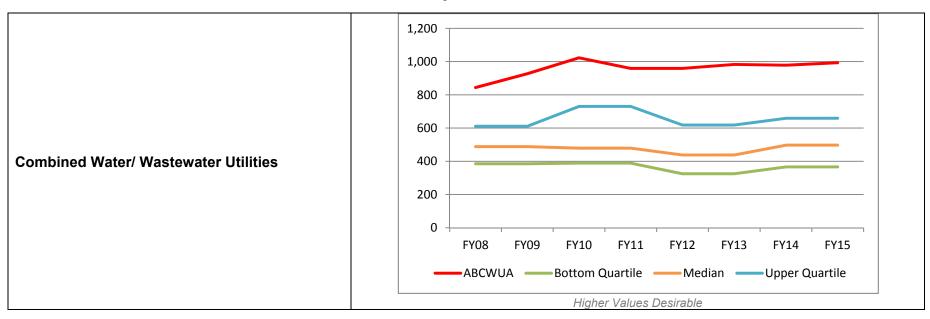
Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the median range for the past three fiscal years. The Water Authority adopted a policy objective in FY09 to increase certification training hours and by creating an organizational succession plan by implementing hiring, training and certification programs for mechanics, electricians and electronics technicians. The Water Authority has improved it performance in this measure in FY10 and FY11 from implementation of several training programs. The Water Authority will continue to improve its performance in FY16 on continuing to implement its training programs and developing new programs.

5-3 Customer Accounts per Employee

Performance Results (Customer Water Accounts per Employee)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			C	Outputs			Outcome
	Measure	Number of active accounts	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals Current/Est Projected					Provide efficient
	employee	per employee and average	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	service to our
Efficiency	efficiency	million gallons of water							customers to meet
		delivered and processed	973	959	983	978	993	1,043	their expectations
		per day per employee							

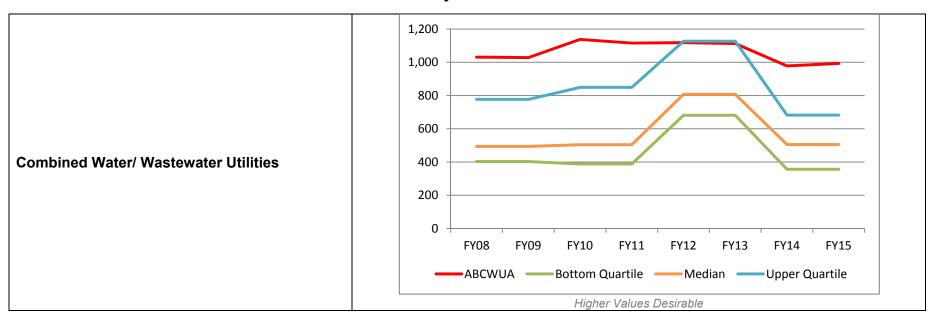


FY16 Performance Plan Goal 5: Organization Development



Performance Results (Customer Wastewater Accounts per Employee)

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs				Outcome			
	Measure	Number of active	Pasalina	Prior	Year Ac	Current/Est	Projected	Provide efficient	
	employee	accounts per employee	Baseline	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	service to our
Efficiency	efficiency	and average million gallons of water delivered and processed per day per employee	1,138	1,118	1,119	1,176	1,220	1,226	customers to meet their expectations



FY16 Performance Plan Goal 5: Organization Development



Results Narrative

These measures measure employee efficiency expressed by water and wastewater accounts per employee.

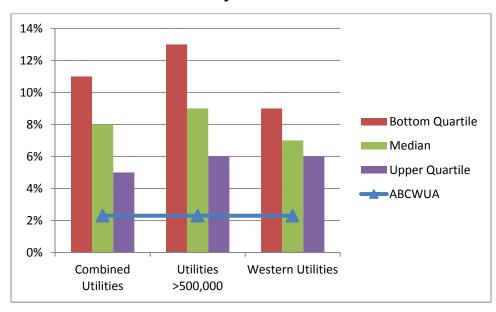
Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure has been within the top quartile for the past three fiscal years for water and wastewater accounts per employee. The utility anticipates no change in the metric for FY16.

5-4 Employee Turnover

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			(Outputs			Outcome
	Quantify the	Number of regular	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals Current/Est Projected					Determine staffing
Efficiency	annual employee	employee departures	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	levels for operation
Liliciency	departures	during the reporting period / Total number of FTEs	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	needs and meeting service levels



Generally, lower values are desirable

Results Narrative

This indicator quantifies annual employee departures normalized by the utility's workforce (as FTEs) per year. Regular employee departures include employees who leave voluntarily, retire, or are let go during the reporting period. Regular employees are those who worked more than 1,000 hours during the reporting period.

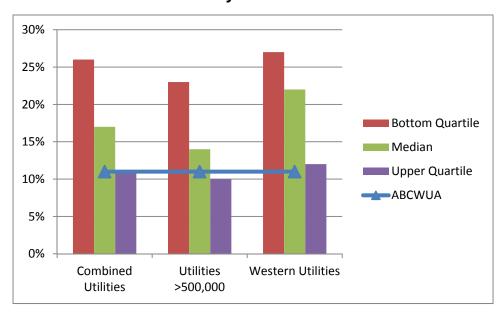
Measurement Status

This indicator was recently included by AWWA in their benchmarking survey. The Water Authority has been measuring this indicator for the last three fiscal years. The utility's performance is above the median range. The utility will continue to track this metric to determine staffing levels for operation needs and meeting service levels.

5-5 Retirement Eligibility

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs			C	Outputs			Outcome
	Quantify the	Number of regular	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals Current/Est Projected					Determine staffing
	number	employees eligible for	Daseille	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	levels for operation
Efficiency	employees who	retirement in the next 5							needs and meeting
	can retire	years / Total number of	14%	15%	15%	13%	11%	11%	service levels
		FTEs							



Generally, lower values are desirable

Results Narrative

This indicator provides a measure of the number of regular employees eligible for retirement normalized by the utility's workforce (as FTEs). Regular employees are those who worked more than 1,000 hours during the reporting period.

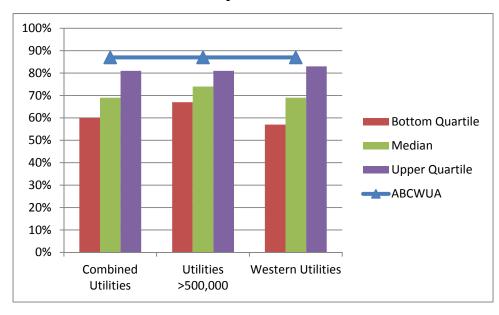
Measurement Status

This indicator was recently included by AWWA in their benchmarking survey. The Water Authority has been measuring this indicator for the last three fiscal years. The utility's performance is within the median range. The utility will continue to track this metric to determine staffing levels for operation needs and meeting service levels.

5-6 Organizational Best Practices Index

Performance Results

Measure Type	Purpose	Inputs	Outputs						Outcome
	To summarize the	Self-scoring system to	Baseline	Prior Year Actuals			Current/Est	Projected	Implement best
!	Water Authority's	identify the degree to		FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	management
Quality	implementation of management programs important to water and wastewater utilities	which the Water Authority is implementing the seven organizational best practices	82%	80%	82%	85%	87%	89%	practices to sustain a competitive work force



Generally, higher values are desirable

Results Narrative

This measure summarizes the status of implementation of good management practices at a utility. It is particularly useful for identifying potential benchmarking partners, especially organizations that may have advanced knowledge and experience with applying these tools. Correlations with other measures might show that performance in other areas is related to investments in improved management practices. The Water Authority used a self-scoring system to identify the degree to which each of eleven important practices are being implemented. The scoring system is based on the results from the QualServe Self Assessments that the Water Authority completed in 2004 and 2011 and the 2014 Effective Utility Management (EUM) assessment. Scores for the eleven areas are aggregated as a percentage.

The practices included in the index are as follows:

- Strategic Planning
- Long-term Financial Planning
- Risk Management Planning
- Performance Measurement System
- Optimized Asset Management Program

 Continuous Improvement Program
- **Customer Involvement Program**

- Governing Body Transparency/Accountability Drought Response/Water Shortage Contingency Plan
- Source Water Protection Plan
- Succession Planning

Measurement Status

The Water Authority's performance in this measure is above the median range for the past three fiscal years. After implementing the areas of improvement from the 2004 QualServe Peer Review and 2014 EUM assessment, the Water Authority anticipates continued progress on this measure. This measure is particularly useful for identifying potential benchmarking partners. especially organizations that may have advanced knowledge and experience with applying these tools. The Water Authority is working on its EUM program which incorporates the benchmarking performance indicators from the AWWA QualServe program. The utility will utilize the EUM program to make performance improvements in its operations and service delivery by examining its performance on a quarterly basis.



The Water Authority received the **Gold** Excellence in Management Award in 2015 recognizing the utility's significant achievement in utility management and adopting successful management practices.